

1.0 Executive Summary

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Whenever one speaks of life outside Earth, the common man and Astronauts would first think of Mars. The thought of other living and intelligent beings was a topic of consideration for many fictional books. The first space probe to orbit around Mars was the Mariner 9 launched in 1971. After that there have been many missions sent to Mars to find out more about it.

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In response to the request sent by the Foundation Society, we at Northdonning Heedwell present the proposal for '**ARESAM'** which shall satisfy them by fulfilling all their requirements. In view with the foundation society, we agree that Aresam is going to be the most ambitious project that will be taken up by the Foundation Society.

Mars is the next heavenly body known to have similar conditions to that of Earth. It has a vast collection of minerals equal to that of earth. Its moons Phobos and Deimos also have a vast collection of minerals. Recognizing the complicity of the project, we have decided the Apoapsis and Periapsis of our settlement around Mars. Aresam will act as a Gateway to Mars, as many exploration missions will be sent to the surface of Mars from Aresam.

The structure of our settlement is stable consisting of a Central Cylinder, two Torii and a new special feature called the Moibius Tube. This tube will be helpful for the internal transport free of fuel with the use of the Centrifugal Force generated as the structure rotates. The docking stations allow us to dock more ships so that the supplies which we receive will not be interrupted. There will also be a communication hemisphere to enhance better communication in Aresam. The construction is going to be done in 6 phases. We will launch the first part of our settlement from the moon so that the cost of propulsion systems would be less.

The internal community designs give the residents full comfort and the Earth like conditions help

them in adjusting to our settlement. Our training centre in Aresam will train people to adjust to Mars like conditions so that they get used to it when they go on Mars. All the solutions and answers developed by us at Northdonning Heedwell are purely based on Reality and Fact and not mere Fiction.

The advantages and new additions of our proposal are:

Faster and easier internal transport

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- We will be providing Natural Sunlight for the Day and Night Cycles so that we can save electricity and also provide natural views of the space and Mars
- Proper Water facilities and Waste management in the communities
- Water flowing through the pipes in the Moibius tube acts as major a source of Hydro electric power.
- The waterfalls provided in the communities will provide a natural view, entertainment for the residents, partly purify water by Aeration and acts as a minor source of Hydro electric power
- 'A-Green' systems help in maintaining cleanliness in the Hospitals

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- During our revolution period at the Perihelion of Mars' orbit, we will be going into the darkness for about an hour. During this period we will be using excess energy produced by Solar panels. Sodium Halide lamps to provide Artificial Sunlight. Lead Cooled Fission Reactors are used in the case of energy crisis
- We will be using a special material called K-Tect to build houses which can be reused without wastage
- In the Networking of Aresam we have invented a new type of Network called 'Aronet' which is a mix of Hybrid Tree, Butterfly, Honeycomb and Bus Networkings

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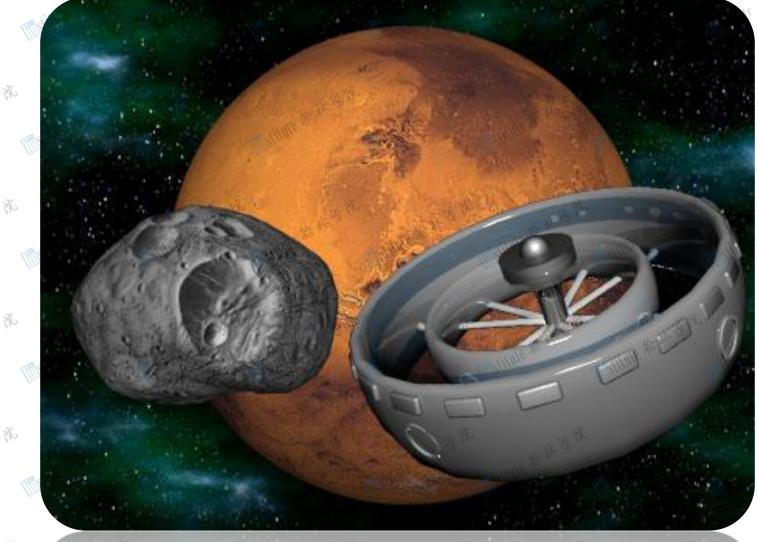
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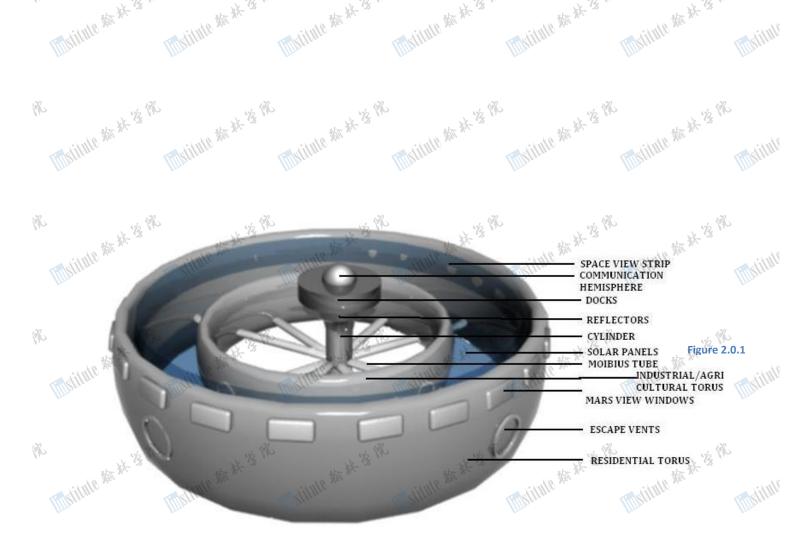
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2.0. Introduction

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We at NH in response to the Foundation Society's request for proposal have designed Aresam, the perfect balance for luxurious life and economic prosperity. The settlement will be a safe and pleasant place that will host 20,000 full time residents and 500 transit residents. It will be fully proficient in order to enable the residents to have natural views of Mars and the space outside. We are providing conditions as close as possible to that of earth, in order for the people to be able to perform activities in normal conditions. Unlike other settlements, Aresam is also enhanced with a design that optimizes its business operations, maximizing not only the production of goods and resources but also integrates the production capabilities into the everyday life of the colony.

We at NH have decided to build Aresam as a two torii structure keeping in mind the requirements given by the Foundation Society. The outer rotating ellipsoid torus will serve to accommodate residential requirements. The inner ellipsoid torus will serve to accommodate the industrial and agricultural purposes. **2.1 External Configuration**

	Table 2.1.1.1	Dimensions	is the	the providence of the providen	y the	1/2 CA
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nt:	Major radius/	514	200	150	200	the state
URPIN	radius (m) 👘	SULLA	TISULUA T	mstitue in	BUILDAN THIS SUIL	a States
	Minor	300	150	NA	NA	L.
	radius(m)					
	Height (m)	NA	NA	1500	80	
	- N20	A Ro	the Car	No the	and the	11 Mar 19
	RPM	0.94	0.94	0.94	0 (non rotating	
	Gravity(N ²)	9.8	3.5	0 to 1.4	0	www.
ditt	TSA m ²	9,069,261.45	3,422,322.51	1555714.29	352000.001	
The		12-	IIIII IIII	IIII III	Mar.	lillinge.

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2.1.1Description of the volumes used and areas allocated

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	Table 2.1.1.2	Description	20		20
No.	Name of the hub	Description	1/2 VAN	· K VI	> 1/2 (1)
	Central cylinder	The central cylinder is r			
Institu	In stille st.	storage of the materials is also rotating, the gravit	y in the cylinder varies	from the centre	to its edge. Micro
		gravity is observed thr transportation within th section in the cylinder b	e cylinder. We will a	lso be includin	g a horticultural
ls l	the West	micro gravity areas. 👘	in the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	s the second
this is a second	Residential torus	This torus is mainly use similar to that of earth's g waste processors, and wa	ravity (9.8N).This Tori		
IIII III	Industrial/agricultural	This torus has got three fl		l clearance.	11100-
	torus	This torus is used for agr			we have a gravity
		of 3.5N which is useful for			
K.	12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	provided a community fo to the Martian gravity			
Î	Docks	The docks are in the shap	e of a cylinder. The d	ocks will be pre	ssurized and non-
otiti	au and the state	rotating.	and title	etiture	and title
IIIII a	Moibius Tube	The Moibius tube helps us	with easier transport	with the help of	centrifugal forces
		and with the minimal usag	e of energy. We are us	ing the Moibius	tube to the highest
		extent in our settlement,	so high that even the	entertainment i	s provided to the
2	622 .	residents using the Moibiu	s tube.	32	
90	A B	it's the	3	3	in the second seco
	2.1.2 MATERIALS USEI) IN THE SETTLEMENT	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	AN THE W	in the
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Ille	MATERIAL	Purpose	Mar. II	Part of	Thickness

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	MATERIAL	Purpose	Part of construction	Thickness
	Titanium	Used to add on to the most structural components, hardest and most durable metals.	External	2m
iti	Aluminium	Used in the various internal systems of Aresam and is easily moldable.	Internal	1.5m
BUL	RXF-1	Used as protection against cosmic rays, solar flare activity.	External	2m
	Super adobe	Reduces radiation exposure, provides thermal insulation & protection from meteorites.	External	4m
	Carbon Nano tubes	Used for providing strength. They will be produced from tubular technology.	Internal	1m
stitu	Copper conductive tube	Used as a radiator and also for giving strength	External	0.9m
	Martian regolith	Used for radiation shielding and also for interior finishing.	External and Internal	2m
	Poly carbonate- thermo plastic	Used as a good shield against debris and also used as a window.	External	5m
stitu	Polymer disperse- liquid crystal device	Covering of windows.	External	2m stille Martin
	Super black	Used for radiation shielding.	External	0.4m
	MMOD Shield	Used as a good radiation shield and is also impact resistant.	External	2m
	Demron	Easily synthesized also used as a radiation shield. Provides strength to the structure.	External	1m
The	Ceramic	Used for internal construction	Internal	NA HILL AND
Reve	Dicyclopentadiene	Used for debris shielding.	External	1m Marine Marine

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	Kevlar-49	Against debris and meteorite.	External	1.5m	A Cho
stitu	Optic fibers	Used for providing sunlight	Internal	NA	K-B
	Stainless steel	Used for internal construction	Internal	NA	the .
	Neoport	Used for internal construction	Internal	NA	Tin Stiller
	Total thickness			26.2m	

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2.1.3 Artificial gravity: A gravity of 9.8N, similar to that available on the earth is achieved through rotation in the residential torus. This magnitude has been chosen because it would be the most comfortable for the residents.

The gravity of the inner torus must be equal to that of the Martian surface. We are providing a community in this torus for those who will be going to the Martian surface so that they can get used to that gravity.

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This would have several advantages, some of them being:

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- Ultimate mass production processes for commercial products on Mars can be initially tried and stabilized in this torus.
- Scientists, engineers, and also the tourists who will be visiting the Martian surface will be accommodated in this torus.
- If at all any life is found on Mars its study would be convenient if the test labs were located in the same gravity where it was found.

	Table 2.1.3.1 al tilicial gravity	
	Rate of rotation	0.94 RPM
	Radius of Residential Torus from the	1010.56m
	centre of the cylinder	90
s;	Gravity in Residential Torus	9.8N
	Radius of Inner Torus from the	366.1m
	centre of the cylinder	atute .
	Gravity in Inner Torus	
	Third floor(agriculture)	1.5N
	Second floor(industries)	2.5N
	First floor(industries, transit	3.5N
4	community)	(Martian
	W also W also	gravity)
	Radius of Cylinder	150m
	Gravity in the Cylinder	0-1.4N

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As mentioned earlier, artificial gravity is produced by rotating the torii. Immediately after the construction is complete four

propellers are attached to the torus at an equal distance between them. These would thrust the torii into the necessary rate of rotation. As there is no opposing force in space, the rotation would ideally continue forever.

2.1.4 Structural interface between rotating and non rotating sections

We the engineers of NH have decided not to rotate the docking station since there will be difficulty in landing the spaceships. For this purpose we have decided to use an innovative idea of using ball bearings between the cylinder and the docking station. These ball bearings prevent the docking station from rotating even though it is in contact with the cylinder. This is to facilitate easy landing of space ships and extra settlement vehicles. The cylinder also provides stability for the docking station.

2.1.5 Shielding: Radiation is one of the main hazards of space. Safety of our settlement's residents is the main priority at NH. The materials that are used for shielding the settlement from radiation as well as debris are mentioned in the table 2.1.2.1, with such extensive shielding NH is confident that major hazards of space habitation would be kept well under control.

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2.1.6 Pressurized and non pressurized

sections: We will be providing a pressure of 1 atm throughout the settlement so that all the areas are accessible by the people.

2.1.7 Escape vents: In case of an emergency, people from the communities can reach the rail station using the internal mono rail and proceed to the docks using the mono rail in the Moibius tube. In a major emergency, four vents are provided at equal intervals to evacuate

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Figure 2.1.7.1 Moibius Tube Escape Vent's Building

20 m

 Escape Capsule
 Holds for the Escape Capsule

Exit from the

settlement

Pipe to the entrance

of the escape vent

1600 people each at a time. These vents are conveniently placed beside the rail station.

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2.1.8 Isolation of volumes:

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In case of emergencies different parts of the settlement can be isolated automatically with the digitally

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Figure 2.1.8.1

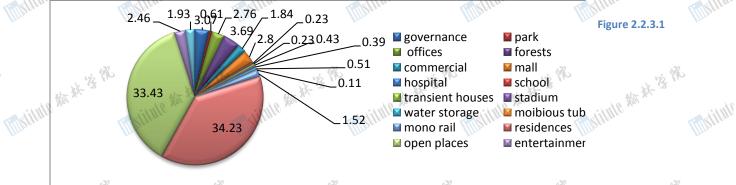
controlled shutters provided at various points without affecting access to escape vents. There are 56 shutters in the figure 2.1.8.1 marked in red. Using this different part of the residential area, industrial area, and agricultural area can be isolated. The cylinder, the agricultural and industrial and residential torii can also be isolated

2.2 Internal Arrangement:

The key to efficient operations of any city is its planning. At NH we have a unique style of community planning.

2.2.1 Area allocation of Residential Torus

The dimension of the residential torus has been decided taking several factors into consideration. The habitable land i.e. the down surfaces for construction would be on a flat strip, placed in the centre of the primary torus. The total down surface is divided into 4 equal communities. The area of the total residential area is 3.5 km². This area has been divided into 4 equal communities and a large open space in each community for the future expansion of the settlement.



2.2.2 Area allocation of Industrial/Agricultural Torus:

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is 1.44km² and the total area required for agriculture is 1.41km². In this total area of 2.85 km², we have provided a few houses so that the people going from Aresam to Argonom can be accommodated there. 2.2.3: (Refer after 2.5.4)

2.2.4 Vertical Clearance: The vertical clearance in our settlement at various places is shown in the figure 2.2.4.1.

2.3 Construction Sequence:

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Stage 1: In this stage of construction, the cylinder is constructed partially on the lunar base and then it is launched into the orbit. The propellers are attached to the bottom of the first phase. This helps the cylinder in the linear motion. It stores the material for future construction.

Stage 2: The docking ports are constructed in order to facilitate transportation to Aresam especially for materials and machinery. The communication hemisphere is also constructed in this stage to facilitate the communication between earth and the other settlements.

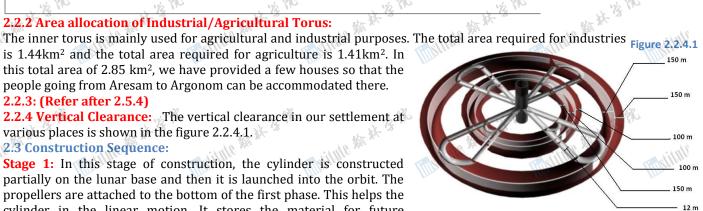
Stage 3: The reflectors are constructed in this stage so that while constructing the other parts of the settlement it reflects the light. The nuclear reactor is also constructed in this stage. This will be the primary source for energy until the solar panels are built. After the solar panels are built the reactor acts as a backup energy source.

Stage 4: The two Moibius Tube are constructed in order for transportation and for supporting the torii. The MOIBIUS TUBE is built first as it helps in transportation of materials and also supports the two torii that will be constructed. It also helps in building the solar panels and other structures.

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Stage 5: The industrial torus is built after the solar panels are built. This is the main manufacturing unit for our settlement. It is built for the convenient refining of the materials used for the construction of the residential torus. We will use detachable Ion and Magnetic Beam thrusters for rotating the settlement. The artificial gravity generated will be helpful for the Industrial and Agricultural sectors.

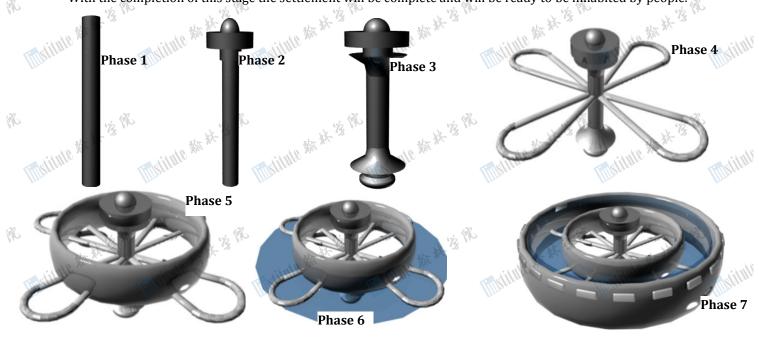
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Stage 6: The solar panels will be placed in this stage to facilitate the production of electricity. This will be helpful as it will be used for supplying the entire settlement with power.

Stage 7: In this phase the residential torus is built with the windows. The thrusters are placed on this torus. With the completion of this stage the settlement will be complete and will be ready to be inhabited by people.



2.4 Future expansion:

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Aresam's existing features can easily handle existing transportation demands but as Mars becomes a commercially profitable centre, the movement of goods and passengers would increase in the future. As the population increases the expansion of the settlement has to be done. This expansion demands improved facilities at Aresam in two major categories:- 1) increase in the number of docking ports 2) Expansion of some area to accommodate the people.

Some areas have specifically been left for increased residential requirements in the future. The population of Aresam increases by 3000 for every 40 years. The open spaces that have been left occupy a 33.43 % of the area of the residential torus. This open place will be used in the form of gardens till the expansion starts. For further information refer human factors.

The settlement is also going to be a very crucial part for the construction of Astoria in the asteroid belt. 2.5 Pre-Fabricated Base:

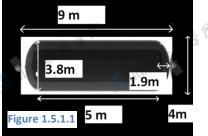
The pre-fabricated base will be constructed at Aresam and it will be kept in a container of dimensions 9m in length, 4 m in breadth and height. We at NH have decided that the structure of the pre-fabricated base will be in the form of a capsule. This capsule is simply a cylinder with two hemispheres at both ends. We at NH have selected this structure as there is more space since there will be no acute angles.

2.5.1 Stacking Procedures:

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The capsule in the container will store machinery and other materials which are required for mining, research work and it will also carry



some Arement walls so that they can be placed in the capsule to form rooms. These walls will be folded and placed inside the capsule. The cushioning material which is filled between the capsule and the container

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would be used to make extra space with the help of the robot named ARE-KV. The solar panels and the communication dish will be stacked in a compact form.

2.5.2 Deployment Process:

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• The pre-fabricated base is so simple that it can be deployed in 7 hours

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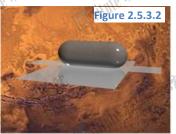
- The container would open itself with the help of automated systems.
- Then the cushioning material will fall down.
- The supporting beams for the capsule will come out, pushing the capsule up.
- Then the interior construction robot would come out and transform the cushioning material into a tube.

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- The tube will be filled with air making it into a hemisphere. This will be furnished with titanium mesh, that will keep the hemisphere from exploding as the pressure outside is very less.
- In the mean time the solar panels and the communication dish will be setup by the space suited persons with the help of the robots.
- The Arement walls will be placed in order to form rooms in the capsule.
- Then the pre-fabricated base is ready to use.

2.5.3 Interim Process:



Stage 1: It is in the un-deployed form. The capsule is in the container. It is launched onto the Martian surface. It is equipped with two Magnetic beam thrusters. It will also be equipped with a parachute.

Stage 2: The magnetic beam thrusters are used to land the Pre-fabricated base safely. After landing the container opens and the cushioning material rated base open

falls down leaving the prefabricated base open.

Stage 3: The door of the capsule opens. The interior of the door contains steps. As the door opens the steps come out. The ARE-KV comes out and makes the cushioning material into tubes so that they can be inflated.

Stage 4: The two space suited persons come out and they start deploying the communication dish, satellites and the tubes are inflate to form the hemisphere. The

walls will be arranged in the capsule. The pre-fabricated base is ready to use. **2.5.4 Un-deployment Process:**

The process of Un-deployment is fast, and may take 4 to 5 hours.

• First the air from the hemispheres would be taken out; the solar panels and communication dish would be made into compact form and they would be stored in the storage area.

• The hemisphere would be then made into the cushioning material with the help of a robot.

• The Arement walls would be made into compacted form and then stored in the storage area.

- Then the poles supporting the capsule would come inside making the capsule touching the box container.
- Then the robot would go inside and the steps are taken inside and the door would close, after this the rest

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of the processes are automated.

Figure 2.5.4.1

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The container would slowly close and the prefabricated base would be in its compressed form.
This container would then take off to Aresam. As it will land there safely it doesn't need to do much cushioning material. But there will be cushioning material in between the container and the capsule in the case of an emergency.

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Figure 2.5.3.1

Parachute

Container

Thruster

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2.2.3 Area allocation of Central Cylinder:

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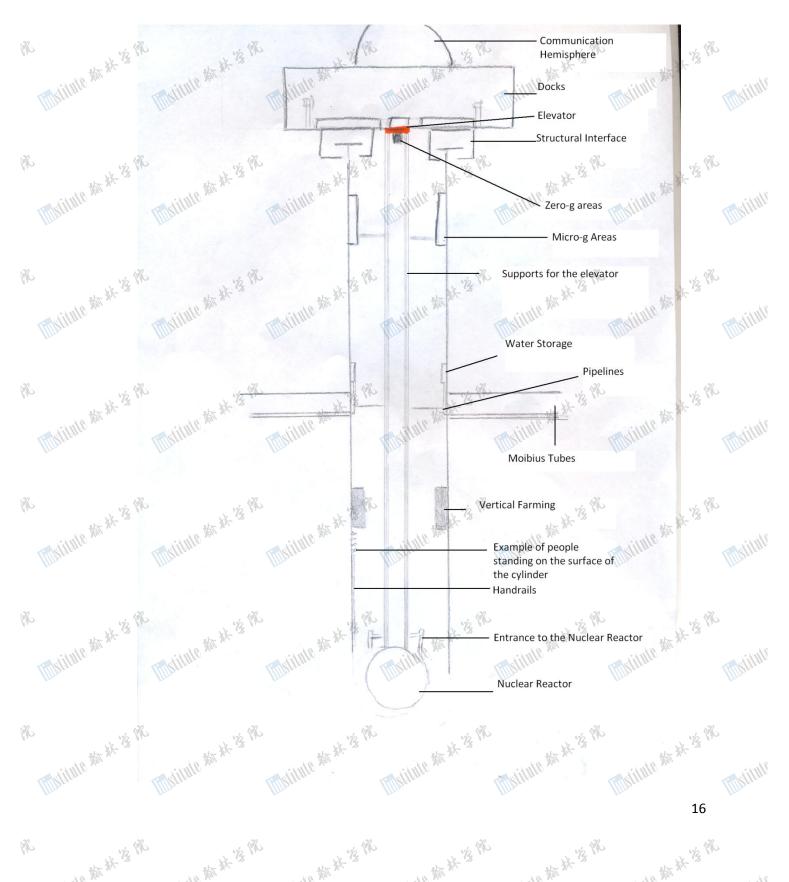
The central cylinder is mainly used for connecting the different parts of the settlement to the central cylinder with the help of the MOIBIUS TUBE. The cylinder is used for long term docking, transportation of residents and mainly the 0g activities. Firstly, a gravity of 9.8N i.e. equal to the earth's gravity has to be provided while simultaneously keeping the rate of rotation less than 1 RPM.

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<u>3.1</u> We at NH will be deciding Apoapsis and Periapsis and the average distance of Aresam from the surface of Mars. The reasons and advantages of this location are:

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This location will be approximately equidistant from Phobos and Deimos. This will be helpful as we can extract minerals more easily from the moons of Mars.

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The orbit will be bent at an angle of 75 degrees to the surface of Mars so that Aresam will receive continuous sunlight during its revolution at the Aphelion of Mars.
 3.1.2 Materials and Equipment Required:

Table 3.1.1 Orbital	Location
Apoapsis	16,489.4 km
Periapsis	16,347.8 km
Inclination of orbit	75 degrees
Average distance	16,418.5 km
Inclination of the	19.8 degrees
settlement	the State
Length of the Orbit	103,202.629km
Time period of one	5.5 hours
Revolution	Illin

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	Table 3.1.2.1			
	Material Required	Use of the material	Source	Amount
	Titanium	Construction	Moon, Phobos, Deimos	1785 tonnes
	Aluminium	Construction	Moon, Phobos, Deimos	307.45 tonnes
	Optic Fibres	Sunlight Provision	Earth	NA
j1	Kevlar-49	Radiation shielding	Earth, Moon	.15 tonnes
	Super Adobe	Debris Shielding	Phobos	.265 tonnes
	Super Black	Radiation Shielding	Earth	.1088 tonnes
	Gold (Foil)	Radiation Shielding and Plating	Mars	.500 tonnes
	Iron 🙀 🎋	Production of Steel	Mars, Phobos	NA
	Arement	Construction of Houses	Made in Aresam	4800 tonnes
t1	Polycarbonate	Protection of Windows	Manufactured on Phobos	.456 tonnes
04 -	Thermoplastic	TTTP: TTTP	Mining base	CUTTOR
	Martian Regolith	Debris shielding	Martian surface	.2305 tonnes
	Silicon	Computer chips, Glasses	Phobos, Mars	1.5 tonnes
	RXF 1	Radiation Shielding	Cosmic Rays	10.61 tonnes
	Demron	Strength and Shielding	Mars, Earth	1.344 tonnes
	Dicyclopentadiene	Debris Shielding	Earth	.2834 tonnes
j()	Carbon Nano Tubes	Strengthening of settlement	Earth	.385 tonnes
	PDLC Glasses	Natural Sunlight	Made on Earth	115 tonnes
	Artificial Leather	Furniture	Earth	12.3 tonnes
	Sulphur	Making Plastic	Phobos	1 tonne
	Iridium and	Protection from solar flares	Earth	1.5 tonnes
	Osmium	with with a	to the state of th	A A A

Table 3.1.2.2Equipment RequiredConstruction Equipment and Heavy ManufacturingMining Equipment

Water vapour

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Chart

1. # # 後代

Source Bellevistat Alaskol The equipment required and the materials from earth will be brought in space vehicles or through Benevectoras. The materials mined in the mining

station will be transported by Sejaks. (Refer Human Factors) Table 3.2.1.1 Gas Percent 3.2 The elements of basic infrastructure required by the residents of Aresam are: Nitrogen 78.08% Oxygen 20.95% 3.2.1 Atmosphere: Nitrogen Carbon-di-0.036% The atmosphere in Aresam provided by Oxide Oxygen Northdonning Heedwell will be the same as that Water Vapour 0-2% of Earth's atmosphere. The pressure during Carbon di Oxide (Variable) construction will be maintained at 0.2 atm and Inert Gases 0.934% when it is inhabited by people it will be 1 atm. Inert gases The density of air will be 1.293kg/kl.

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The gases required will be brought from the following places or by the following processes:

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Table 3.2.1.3		Table 3.2.1.4	the B	Ĭ
<u>Gas required</u>	Source	Gas Required	Method Used	
Nitrogen	Earth , Mars, Earth's Moon	and a full live	of illuse	
Oxygen	Electrolysis of Water, Lunar surface	Oxygen	Electrolysis of Water	
Carbon-di-oxide	Mars' Atmosphere	Hydrogen	Electrolysis of Water	
Inert gases	Earth's and Mars' Atmospheres			

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The gases required will be stored and transported in their liquid forms. The water exhaled and lost by humans will be collected in the form of condensed water and will be sent for water purification.

There will be 2 main seasons, summer and winter. The average temperature throughout the year will be 18 degrees centigrade.

3.2.2 Food:

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Seeds can be grown without soil by having favorable conditions such as Artificial Sunlight, Moisture and Atmosphere.

We will be using the method of Vertical Aeroponics to grow plants. The advantages of this method are:

 \triangleright Uses very less water

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- \geq Uses less area
- Crops grow in about 30 days \geq

The vegetables and fruits will be in the zero gravity area as they grow faster and better there. Vegetables like potatoes, cabagge, cucumber, beans etc. can be grown by using Figure

Hydroponics. Artificial sunlight will be provided using High Intensity Discharge Lamps (HID). Sprinklers will be placed on top of the rows to water the plants.

Meat will be produced using stem cells. The stem cells will be allowed to grow till the meat is formed. Then the process and the conditions required will be stopped and the meat can be consumed. Table 3 2 2 3

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Vegetables and fruits will be salted and then will be vacuum packed. Meat will be dried and then smoked with the help of water vapour. Then the meat will be vacuum packed. The packaged food will be sent to the people as per their requirements.

3.2.3 Electricity:

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Electricity in Aresam will be generated using solar power and nuclear power as backup. We will use Rotatable Organic Solar Panels. For production of Nuclear Power, we will use Lead Cooled Fission Reactors. There will be a Power Grid and a Power Generating station in the cylinder through which electricity is generated and supplied in the settlement. Minor amount electricity will be generated through Hydro Electricity. The water falls from a height of 100 m into the storage lake. Turbines will be placed here and thus electricity is

Table 3.2.3.1	
Amount of Power required	20,038,000KW
Area of Solar Panels	1.2km ²
Electricity Per House	5000KW
Amount of electricity produced by	202,800KW
1 gram of Uranium 235	atitute
Amount of Uranium to be taken	856 grams
per year	

generated. Electricity produced will be stored in Solar batteries. Electricity will be supplied to the Residential, Agricultural and Industrial areas from the Main source as per their requirements. The batteries will be able to

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store up to a capacity of 25,000KWs of Energy.

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3.2.4 Water Management: Water is required by every person in the settlement and for maintenance purposes. Table 3.2.4.1 Water Source of water Earth, Mars, Moon, Phobos, Deimos Consumption per person per Day 56 litres Drinking Water 4 litres Bath 35 litres Toiletry 17 litres institute & # 'S water required settlement for 6 months in Aresam 10000 kilolitres Steam and water will be used for bathing to save water. Chart 3.2.4.2 Water Purification: REVERSE CARBON SEDIMENTATION NANOFILTRATION OSMOSIS ADSORPTION 而此此此称并生活死 N# 13 92 婖 COLLECTION OF WATER SUPPLY UV RADIATION ION EXCHANGE WATER

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After the water from the Moibius tube falls into the storage lake which is at a height of 20m, the water will be sent for purification process. After purifying the water will be stored at a height of 15m. This height is sufficient to distribute the water to any residence without use of pumps. Each house will have a separate tank which can store up to 65 litres of water. A small amount of water will get converted to water vapour for maintaining atmospheric balance.

3.2.5 Waste Management:

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We will obtain wastes in the form of Liquids and solids in Organic and Inorganic types.

	Table 3.2.5.1	
	<u>Material</u>	Method
	Industrial and	The solid wastes obtained from the industries will be disintegrated by the <u>Centrifugal</u>
	Household Solid	Density Separator using which we will obtain all the materials separately. Materials
0	Inorganic waste	like K Tect can be reused directly and glass can be made molten and reused. Plastic will be refined by using the method of Carbonization after which the plastic becomes
		a biodegradable substance. A Geobacter species called as Sulfurreducens will also be used to degrade plastic. The residues formed will be buried on the surface of Mars and Deimos.
	Solid Organic Waste	Organic solid waste will be degraded with the help of <u>Geobacter</u> . The residue will be compressed and incinerated. The remaining wastes formed will be buried on the
U	10 384 "	surface of Mars and Deimos. It is estimated that per day one person can excrete upto an amount of 800 grams.
	Liquid waste	The liquid waste obtained undergoes the Aeration method. The chemicals present in the polluted liquid will be neutralized. After this the water is purified and reused.
	Nuclear Waste	Nuclear emissions emitted by the nuclear reactor will be absorbed by the lead around
	the the	it. If the emissions escape from the reactor, the Geobacter of the species <u>Uraniireducens</u> will absorb it.

3.2.6 Communication:

Communication inside Aresam will be done through the use of 7G technology. The advantage of this technology is

- High transfer speed of multimedia files
- Transfer speed from 15Gbps-22Gbps
 - We will be placing 5 communication towers inside the settlement to ensure proper communication.

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Table 3.2.6.1 Internal C	ommunication
Device Used	Glone
Dimensions	12*6*1 cm
(l*b*thickness)	
Number of	23,000 for 2
Communication Sets	years
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Figure 3.2.6.2 (Source: <u>www.texually.org</u>)

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External Communication:

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The method of communication to be used in Aresam is called Stradalite. Radio waves of the frequency 26.5 GHz to 40 GHz will be used as a medium for long distance communication. We shall be using free space optics as a

	Table 3.2.6.3 External Co	mmunication	3
	Technology Used	Stradalite	
ţ	Number of Satellites	2 situle And	itit.
	Speed	10-15 Gbps	THE AL

backup. We will place 2 satellites, one around Earth and one around the Moon.

Chart 3.2.7.1

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3.2.7 Internal Transport:

CASSETTE Capacity - 2 People (Personal Transport) Dimensions (l*b*h) - 3*1.2*1.5m

ARECLE Capacity - 2 People (Manual

Personal Transport) Dimensions(l*b*h) - 2*0.25* 1.3

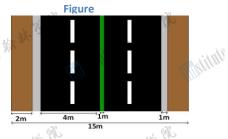
Cassette cars can be fitted into the Monorail trains which can transport cassettes through communities. There will be

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We will be providing the following for the transport

in



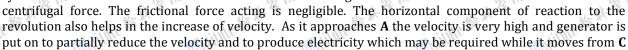
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2 types of roads; Narrow roads and Broad roads with the widths of 7.5m and 15m respectively.

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MONORAIL: We will use Monorails which move perpetually under the I (a) I (b) influence of the centrifugal force and very minimal use of energy which is in fact generated while the monorail moves with no additional cost. Loading and unloading is done by (II (b) moving two Monorails A, B with the II (a) **Dual** junction same speed on the adjacent tracks. When the mono rail from the Moibius tube i.e. the perpetual motion mono CMR P2MR rail(P2MR) and the Monorails A and B CMR. reach the same velocity and are on adjacent tracks the loading and III (a) III (b) unloading takes place simultaneously. Pipes are provided below the tracks so that goods can be transported from the cylinder to the Figure 3.2.7.4 industrial IV (b) and the residential torii using the centrifugal force. When P2MR is on track A When P2MR is on track B Figure 3.2.7.3: Steps showing Loading and Unloading on to and from P2MR Direction of rotation of settlement P2MR(Perpetual motion monorail) Direction of movement of the monorail - CMR(Circuit monorail) - CMR(Circuit monorail) M) **Perpetual motion of P2MR:** - Monorail tracks (O to A) The Mono rail in the Moibius tube travels from the cylinder to the industrial and the residential torii using – Moibius tube, 🔌



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upward. At a distance of nearly 500 m from **0** the velocity crosses 100m/sec and gradually electricity can be produced using dynamos which act as breaks. Thereafter the velocity is maintained between 100 to 150 m/sec all the while producing electricity which will be used during the movement from **C** to **O**.

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(A to B) At this point the velocity is of the Monorail is maximum and at B the residential Monorails come alongside the main mono rail (P2MR) with the same velocity.

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(B to C) The momentum that is attained till B helps to move against the reaction to revolution

(C to O) The momentum attained earlier is enough to counter the centrifugal force which gradually reduces. The reaction to the horizontal component of the reaction to the revolution helps the forward movement because of the angle of the tube.

(**O** to **D**) The inertia helps it move across **O** towards **D**. From **O** to **D** the

movement is similar to **O** to **A**. 3.2.8 Day And Night Cycle:

Northdonning Heedwell seeks to provide 12.5 hours of natural sunlight to the residents of Aresam. We will

use PDLC (Polymer Dispersed Liquid Crystal) devices. We will place polycarbonate thermoplastic glasses above the PDLCs to protect the windows from collisions. To distribute the natural sunlight uniformly, we will be placing optic fibres across the ceiling. There will be a difference of 4 hours between each part of the settlement.

	LUX N
Table 3.2.8.1 Day And Night	sale sale
Number of Hours Per Day	12 ½ hours
Number of Hours Per Night	11 ½ hours
Total number of Hours	24 hours
Difference of time between	4 hours
each sector	***
194	. 190

3.2.9 Propulsion Systems for Artificial Gravity: We will be using VASIMR (VAriable Specific Impulse

Magnetoplasma Rocket) propulsion system for placing the first phase in orbit. After the construction of the settlement, we will be using Ion Thrusters and Magnetic Propellers to rotate it.

3.2.10 Storage Facilities:

Height

873m

866m

865m

861 m 650m

645m

80m

75m 25m

20m 20m

18m

18m

15m

12m

0m

obtained

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Tube

Water Procurement-electricity generation -purification-storage-supply Process

Storage in cylinder

Near Og Agriculture

in Industrial Torus

Storage Lake in residential Area

Purification

Storage

Residence

after

Industries and Agriulture

Hydro electric generators

Figure

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in the pipes in Moibius

We will be producing food more than required in Aresam. This food will be

Table 3.2.10.1	
Places Of Storage	Cylinder, Under the
90	Floorings
Period of Time till the	12 Months
commodities last	·s 收

stored in the cylinder and under the floor where there will be enough space.

3.2.11 Supply of Water and Electricity with routings of Waste

We will provide Pipelines underground to transport Water and Electricity and to route back wastes. We will provide Water Purifiers and Waste Purifiers in the Outer Torus.

3.3 Primary Construction Machinery

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We will employ Primary Construction Machinery beside the Mining Base on Phobos. The material which is refining will be sent to

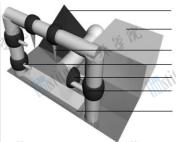
these machines called Are-Cons. We will employ 2 Are-Cons.

Features of Are-Con:

- Dimensions 50*35*20m >
- Uses: The main use of the Are-Cons is that they will \triangleright convert the refined material into its final form

Please refer Automations Designs and Services for Construction and Assembling robots on Page

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Figure

Control Room Storage

Drillers Welders

Smoothener Movable Torus

Processing Platform



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3.4 Mining Station:

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We at Northdonning Heedwell plan to build a Mining Station on the First and the biggest moon of Mars, Phobos. Once Aresam starts getting profite we shall establish Phobos. Once Aresam starts getting profits, we shall establish a mining station even on Mars. The Mining Station on Mars will also act as a research station so that we will know more about the surface of Mars.

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millitte Figure 3.4.1

The above image shows an illustration of the mining station at Phobos. This mining station is equipped with ilahl Dhal

	refineries for ores available on Phobos.		
	Table 3.4.2		
Yh.	Part of the Mining Station	Dimensions (in metres) 8*5 5*15 8*5*5 30*26*5	16 Pho
	Refinery (side*height)	8*5	13
	Storage Tank (radius*height)	Dimensions (in metres) 8*5 5*15 8*5*5 30*26*5	the.
Instit!	Robot storage and controlling systems (l*b*h)	8*5*5 Stille	Timstillue
	Launch pad		
	Solar Panels (l*b)	9*7	
	Shock Absorber (radius*height)	8*10	
PR Interit PR Interit	Entrance for Huma Refineries Storage of Residue Transport of Refiner Materials	We will employ various methods to ref each material that has been mined out. T following charts show the methods refining of few available materials ed	of the ual. ine The of
PE Imstit	ALUMINIUM REFINING:	Siliconrefining: K	the stitute
PR Instit	Silicon di Oxide combined with carbon gives 98% pure silicon Silicon is combined with HCl and then with hydrogen to get pure silicon	Alumina is dissolved in Molten Cryolite and electrolised in Hall Heroult's Cell Chart 3.4.5	23 PR
YK.	1. 斯林浩晓 1. 斯林浩晓	1. m 按 接 化 1. m 按 按 化 1. m 按 林	1/2 (H)

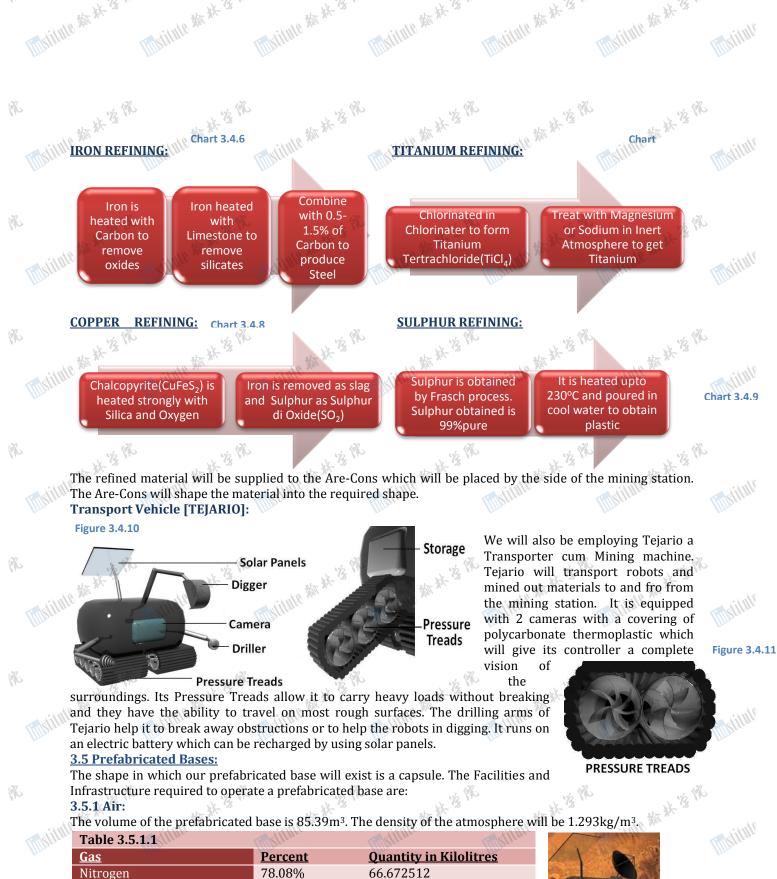


	Table 3.5.1.1			TETISULOW	COMP.
	Gas	Percent	Quantity in Kiloli	tres	
	Nitrogen	78.08%	66.672512		
	Oxygen	20.95%	17.889205		
	Carbon-di-Oxide	0.036%	0.0307404	>	
	Water Vapour (Variable)	1%	0.8539		A Poor
0	Inert Gases	0.934%	0.7975426	state atas	Land Carta A
	1:nSUlor	Englive	18msUlber	TPM SULUE	TEM SUIDE

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Figure 3.5.1.2 24

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There will also be an atmosphere controlling system which will control the amount of air according to the percentages. It will also have a backup so that it can make the atmosphere stable when it becomes uneven. We will also provide oxygen cylinders for the people who go on exploration walks on Mars.

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3.5.2 Food:

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The people inside the prefabricated base will be provided with food for 20 days and the food for the remaining 10 days will be grown by using the Aeroponics method. The food requirements for each person according to our maximum estimates are:

vpe OF Food	Amount of food required per d	lav per person
ereals and pulses	540 gm	K K
egetables and fruits	220 gm	situte ma
leat and Fish	55 gm	THIS BAR
Milk	155 gm	V
Sugar and Jaggery	50 gm	
Eggs	2	
Fats and Oils	35 gm	1/2 Pro
Roots and Tubers	60 gm	x 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1
Plants will be grown in the hemispheres placed ou		and allines
3.5.3 Power:	atside the prefabilitated base.	TTISHOW.
'he main source of Power provided in the prefat	pricated base will be from the Sun A	We will be sending Solar
Powered Batteries along with the base so that th		
he Solar Panels. The requirements of the prefabr		the power generated by
Table 3.5.3.1 Power	reacted base for power are.	is the
Power required per person per day	2 MW	× 3
Energy required for the Prefabricated base per day	14.10V (4.10V	Part atom
Capacity of Each Battery	8 MW	mstille
Dimensions of Solar Panel	3*1m	Hum
		· · · · · · ·
Ve will be sending 3 Solar batteries along with th	le Prelabricated Base. These will her	p in providing power to
<mark>.5.4 Water:</mark> he source of water will be Aresam. Water will b		
3.5.4 Water: The source of water will be Aresam. Water will b The amount of water required in the prefabricated Table 3.5.4.1	d base is shown in the following tab	
3.5.4 Water: The source of water will be Aresam. Water will b The amount of water required in the prefabricate Fable 3.5.4.1 <u>Isage of water per person</u>	d base is shown in the following tab	
8.5.4 Water: The source of water will be Aresam. Water will b The amount of water required in the prefabricate Table 3.5.4.1 <u>Jsage of water per person</u> Drinking	d base is shown in the following tab <u>Amount required</u> 4 litres	
3.5.4 Water: The source of water will be Aresam. Water will b The amount of water required in the prefabricate Table 3.5.4.1 <u>Jsage of water per person</u> Drinking	d base is shown in the following tab <u>Amount required</u> 4 litres 10 litres	
the base. 3.5.4 Water: The source of water will be Aresam. Water will b The amount of water required in the prefabricate Fable 3.5.4.1 Usage of water per person Drinking Bathing Dther purposes	d base is shown in the following tab <u>Amount required</u> 4 litres	
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3.5.4 Water: The source of water will be Aresam. Water will b The amount of water required in the prefabricate Fable 3.5.4.1 Usage of water per person Drinking Bathing	d base is shown in the following table Amount required 4 litres 10 litres 6 litres	
3.5.4 Water: The source of water will be Aresam. Water will b The amount of water required in the prefabricate Table 3.5.4.1 Usage of water per person Drinking Bathing Dther purposes Fotal amount of water Mode of transport	d base is shown in the following table Amount required 4 litres 10 litres 6 litres 20 litres Brought with the Base	
3.5.4 Water: The source of water will be Aresam. Water will b The amount of water required in the prefabricate Table 3.5.4.1 Jsage of water per person Drinking Bathing Dther purposes Fotal amount of water Mode of transport Mode of Replenishing	d base is shown in the following table Amount required 4 litres 10 litres 6 litres 20 litres	
3.5.4 Water: The source of water will be Aresam. Water will b The amount of water required in the prefabricated Fable 3.5.4.1 Jsage of water per person Drinking Bathing Dther purposes Fotal amount of water Mode of transport Mode of Replenishing Fotal amount of water required per month	d base is shown in the following table Amount required 4 litres 10 litres 6 litres 20 litres Brought with the Base By Sejaks 1.5 kilolitres	le. The second s
B.5.4 Water: The source of water will be Aresam. Water will be The amount of water required in the prefabricate Fable 3.5.4.1 Jsage of water per person Drinking Bathing Other purposes Fotal amount of water Mode of transport Mode of Replenishing Fotal amount of water required per month The prefabricated base shall consist of a storage	d base is shown in the following table Amount required 4 litres 10 litres 6 litres 20 litres Brought with the Base By Sejaks 1.5 kilolitres tank with a capacity of 5 kilolitres.	le.
B.5.4 Water: The source of water will be Aresam. Water will be The amount of water required in the prefabricate Fable 3.5.4.1 Jsage of water per person Drinking Bathing Other purposes Fotal amount of water Mode of transport Mode of Replenishing Fotal amount of water required per month The prefabricated base shall consist of a storage will also be provided in the prefabricated base so	d base is shown in the following table Amount required 4 litres 10 litres 6 litres 20 litres Brought with the Base By Sejaks 1.5 kilolitres tank with a capacity of 5 kilolitres.	le.
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8.5.4 Water: The source of water will be Aresam. Water will be The amount of water required in the prefabricate Fable 3.5.4.1 Isage of water per person Orinking Bathing Other purposes Total amount of water Mode of transport Mode of Replenishing Total amount of water required per month The prefabricated base shall consist of a storage will also be provided in the prefabricated base so B.5.5 Waste systems: Waste produced in the Prefabricated Base will be	d base is shown in the following table Amount required 4 litres 10 litres 6 litres 20 litres Brought with the Base By Sejaks 1.5 kilolitres tank with a capacity of 5 kilolitres. Y that the water required will be mini- e decomposed and degraded in a sl	le. Water purifying systems mized. ightly similar manner to
8.5.4 Water: The source of water will be Aresam. Water will be the amount of water required in the prefabricated to the amount of water required in the prefabricated to the amount of water person Transport Orde of Replenishing Total amount of water required per month The prefabricated base shall consist of a storage will also be provided in the prefabricated base so 8.5.5 Waste systems: Waste produced in the Prefabricated Base will be hat of Aresam. Organic and Human waste will be	d base is shown in the following table Amount required 4 litres 10 litres 6 litres 20 litres Brought with the Base By Sejaks 1.5 kilolitres tank with a capacity of 5 kilolitres. Year that the water required will be mining that the water required will be water required will be water required will be water required	le. Water purifying systems mized. ightly similar manner to Other inorganic and non
8.5.4 Water: The source of water will be Aresam. Water will be The amount of water required in the prefabricated Fable 3.5.4.1 Isage of water per person Drinking Bathing Dther purposes Fotal amount of water Mode of transport Mode of Replenishing Fotal amount of water required per month The prefabricated base shall consist of a storage vill also be provided in the prefabricated base so 8.5.5 Waste systems: Waste produced in the Prefabricated Base will be hat of Aresam. Organic and Human waste will be legradable material will be buried using a drill ki	d base is shown in the following table Amount required 4 litres 10 litres 6 litres 20 litres Brought with the Base By Sejaks 1.5 kilolitres tank with a capacity of 5 kilolitres. Year that the water required will be mining that the water required will be water required will be water required will be water required	le. Water purifying systems mized. ightly similar manner to Other inorganic and non
3.5.4 Water: The source of water will be Aresam. Water will be The amount of water required in the prefabricated Table 3.5.4.1 Jsage of water per person Drinking Bathing Other purposes Fotal amount of water Mode of transport Mode of Replenishing Fotal amount of water required per month The prefabricated base shall consist of a storage will also be provided in the prefabricated base so 3.5.5 Waste systems: Waste produced in the Prefabricated Base will be Mater of Aresam. Organic and Human waste will be Idegradable material will be buried using a drill ki	d base is shown in the following table Amount required 4 litres 10 litres 6 litres 20 litres Brought with the Base By Sejaks 1.5 kilolitres tank with a capacity of 5 kilolitres. Year that the water required will be mining that the water required will be water required will be water required will be water required	le. Water purifying systems mized. ightly similar manner to Other inorganic and non
8.5.4 Water: The source of water will be Aresam. Water will be The amount of water required in the prefabricated Fable 3.5.4.1 Jsage of water per person Drinking Bathing Other purposes Fotal amount of water Mode of transport Mode of Replenishing Fotal amount of water required per month The prefabricated base shall consist of a storage will also be provided in the prefabricated base so 8.5.5 Waste systems: Waste produced in the Prefabricated Base will be hat of Aresam. Organic and Human waste will be legradable material will be buried using a drill ki for the waste management: Fable 3.5.5.1	d base is shown in the following table Amount required 4 litres 10 litres 6 litres 20 litres Brought with the Base By Sejaks 1.5 kilolitres tank with a capacity of 5 kilolitres. Year that the water required will be mini- that the water required will be mini- e decomposed and degraded in a sl e decomposed by using Geobacter. Of t present inside the base. The follow	le. Water purifying systems mized. ightly similar manner to Other inorganic and non
3.5.4 Water: The source of water will be Aresam. Water will be The amount of water required in the prefabricate Fable 3.5.4.1 Isage of water per person Orinking Bathing Other purposes Fotal amount of water Mode of transport Mode of Replenishing Fotal amount of water required per month The prefabricated base shall consist of a storage will also be provided in the prefabricated base so 8.5.5 Waste systems: Waste produced in the Prefabricated Base will be Mate of Aresam. Organic and Human waste will be Isorate management: Fable 3.5.5.1 Fype of Waste	d base is shown in the following table Amount required 4 litres 10 litres 6 litres 20 litres Brought with the Base By Sejaks 1.5 kilolitres tank with a capacity of 5 kilolitres. Year that the water required will be mini- e decomposed and degraded in a sl e decomposed by using Geobacter. Of t present inside the base. The follow Amount	le. Water purifying systems mized. ightly similar manner to Other inorganic and non
3.5.4 Water: The source of water will be Aresam. Water will be the amount of water required in the prefabricates Fable 3.5.4.1 Jsage of water per person Orinking Bathing Other purposes Fotal amount of water required per month The prefabricated base shall consist of a storage will also be provided in the prefabricated base so 3.5.5 Waste systems: Waste produced in the Prefabricated Base will be that of Aresam. Organic and Human waste will be the storage management: Fable 3.5.5.1 Fype of Waste Human Feaces	d base is shown in the following table Amount required 4 litres 10 litres 6 litres 20 litres Brought with the Base By Sejaks 1.5 kilolitres tank with a capacity of 5 kilolitres. Year that the water required will be mini- e decomposed and degraded in a sl e decomposed by using Geobacter. Of t present inside the base. The follow Amount Not exceeding 800 grams	le. Water purifying systems mized. ightly similar manner to Other inorganic and non
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.5.4 Water: he source of water will be Aresam. Water will b he amount of water required in the prefabricate able 3.5.4.1 sage of water per person rinking athing ther purposes otal amount of water lode of transport lode of Replenishing otal amount of water required per month he prefabricated base shall consist of a storage vill also be provided in the prefabricated base so .5.5 Waste systems: Vaste produced in the Prefabricated Base will be or d Aresam. Organic and Human waste will be or the waste management: 'able 3.5.5.1 'ype of Waste tuman Feaces	d base is shown in the following table Amount required 4 litres 10 litres 6 litres 20 litres Brought with the Base By Sejaks 1.5 kilolitres tank with a capacity of 5 kilolitres. Year that the water required will be mini- e decomposed and degraded in a sl e decomposed by using Geobacter. Of t present inside the base. The follow Amount Not exceeding 800 grams	le. Water purifying systems imized. ightly similar manner to other inorganic and non ring table shows the data

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4.0 Human Factors

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4.0.1 Natural Views of Space and Mars Below:

Natural view of space and mars is provided using a transparent strip and windows on either sides of the residential torus. The transparent strip is provided with prisms to provide outer views at the same time reflect the light from the sun to adjacent prisms internally to keep the whole torus lit throughout. To view mars below a reflector is provided above the mars view window

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4.0.2 Features of Community Design:

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The moibius tube which comes into the torus touches the community in a form of a semi-circle, above which is the Aresam Eye, a large ferry wheel which is a replica of the London Eye.

The place below the moibius tube is the area allocated for water storage.

The water from the pipeline is sent to the water storage area directly with the help of gravity and when it enters in the storage area it creates a waterfall.

The hospital is placed in the heart of the community.

There are five roads connecting the hospital.

The community contains a large area of open places (33.43%) which includes gardens also. This area is used for building new houses, buildings etc. which is a result of rapid demographic shifts.

The moibius tube's mono rail and the community's mono rail run side by side so that they can exchange cassettes and capsules. The monorails run at the same speed side by side.

The vertical farming is provided beside the monorails. They are up to three storey buildings high.

4.0.3 Features in Residences:

All the residences (including the smallest houses i.e., even 930 sft.) have bathtubs.

The luxury house has a swimming pool which is filled by the water which comes from the mini-treatment stitute \$50 \$ plant that is placed below the house. This water is free of chlorine; instead it is treated by UV rays.

The luxury houses contain a porch.

4.0.4 Steps taken to prevent Coriolis Effect:

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We the engineers of NH have taken all the steps to prevent the Coriolis Effect in the settlement. In the settlement as we are proving the natural views of space, there could be Coriolis Effect acting on the people living in our settlement. This is taken care by reducing the speed of rotation of our settlement to 0.94 rpm.

When the internal transportation is taking place in the moibius tube ,as the moibius tube is closed and no external view is available there cannot be any Coriolis effect.

4.1 Community Design:

4.1.1 Area Allocation:

There are two types of roads: 1) Broad Road-15m 2) Narrow Road-7.5m. The total area allocated to the roads and paths is 785,194m² in each Community

	Table no 4.1.1.1	1/2 Pho		k the the	1/2 VAN	· k V	6
	Area Allocated To:	Area	Percentage	Area Allocated To:	Area (m ²)	Percentage	
iti	atute at	(m ²)	situte	" Olution - " Olution		stute m	iti.
LUR9010	Governance	25000	3.07%	Sound-Proof Stadium	3750	0.39%	THIS UND
~	Park	5000	0.61%	Water Storage	4200	0.51%	
	Offices	22500	2.76%	Moibius Tube's Mono-Rail	960	0.11%	
	Forests	30000	3.69%	Community's Mono-Rail	12420	1.52%	
	Commercial	5000	1.84%	Residences	278365	34.32%	6
	Malls	23000	2.83%	Open Place (includes gardens)	269773	33.43%	
The a	Hospital	1900	0.23%	Entertainment	20,000	2.46%	The star
THIS LIC.	School	1900	0.23%	Vertical Farming	15700	1.93%	TILSU
V	Transient Houses	3500	0.43%	Roads and Paths	785194	9.73%	

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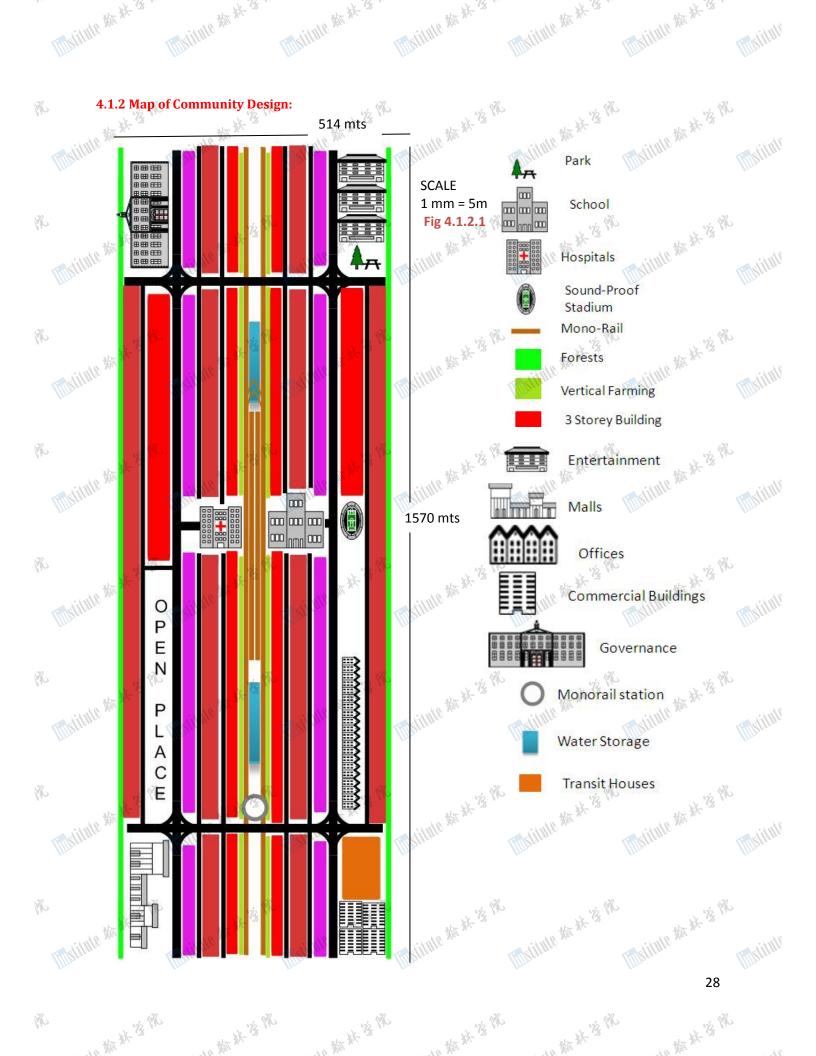
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4.1.3 Entertainment:

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Most of the entertainment provided in our community takes place near the moibius tube. The part of the moibius tube that enters into the community is covered with rocks so that it provides a hillock view to the residents in the community.

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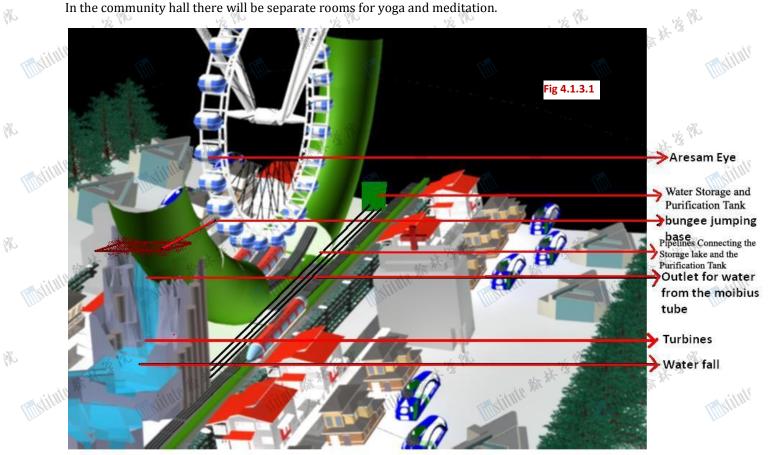
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An aesthetic visual effect is provided for the residents in the community by creating a waterfall, while the water is transferred to the storage tank through pipes in the moibius tube to the residential area. This also helps in partly purifying the water through aeration process.

In the community hall there will be separate rooms for yoga and meditation.

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4.1.4 Variety and Quantity of Consumables

Table no 4.1.4.1 H		Per Person Per Day	
Foods	Adults (gr	n) Children (gm)	
Cereals	480	400	
Pulses	47	45	
Leafy Vegetables	70	50	
Other Vegetables	55 💦	50	
Fruits 8	65	85	
Milk	155	250	
Sugar And Jaggery	35 🧹	45	liti)
Meat And Fish	45	40	3.9
Eggs	60	60	
Fats And Oils	35	38	
Roots And Tubers	55	30	
Multe # 3 Public	55 K	30	
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	Table no 4	4.1.4.3	W.S	the the	12 YR
1	Foods	Protein	Fats	Carbohydrates	Energy
		Gm	gm	Gm	Kcal
	Nuts And (Jils			
	Almond	22	51	20	580
	Cashew	18.22	43.8	30.19	550
	nut	-	与次"	50.19	
1	Coconut	3.3	33.5	15.2	350
	Walnut	15.2	65.2	13.71	660
	Meat				
	Pork	18.7	4.4	0	114
	Fish	88.4	1.1	0	364
	Goat 🧏 🕅	21.4	3.6 %	0	118
	N WAY		标"	the the	<i>64</i>
1	N	21.4		10- Thisitute the the	atitut
		Moore		111000	TURNER

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4.1.5 Parks and Recreation

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Aresam has given a lot of importance to parks and recreation. There is one park in each community sprawling over 5000m². There are four such parks in the whole settlement. These parks contain a small river which is simulated and the ends of parks are virtually simulated to make it look never ending!

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4.1.6 Distribution

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The food from the agricultural sector is brought to the residential sector by the monorail that runs in the Moibius tube. The transfer of goods takes place as mentioned in the 3.2.7 in page no. . At the station they will be transferred into the distribution vehicle which takes them to the grocery store present in the community. From here the residents can buy the goods by coming to the stores or using special debit card swipes from their houses. By just typing the desired commodity and swiping the card, money transaction will take place and the commodities will be sent to the houses with the help of service bots. No. of vans in the settlement is 40. In the van the atmosphere of the refrigeration space is controlled by cooling the interior space to a preselected temperature by spraying liquid nitrogen within the space. After discontinuing the spraying, liquid nitrogen is conducted through a heat exchanger which extends across a portal communicating the space

103.5 cm

20 cm

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89.6cm

Are-WS

Fig 4.1.7.1

24.5 cm

Sensors that can sense alcohol

23 cm

Table no 4.1.4.2 variety and Quantity of Consumables									
Foods	Protein		Carbohydrates	Energy					
Cereals And	Pulses		stitute	atitul					
Wheat	23.15	9.72	51.8	360					
Maize	3.2	1.2	14	122					
Peas	5.4	0.4	14.5	80					
Spices And C	ondiments	132	.22.						
Cardamom	10.2	2.2	42.1	229					
Chilies	15.9	6.2	31.7	246					
Ginger	1.82	0.75	17.7	20					
Vegetables A	nd Fruits	10	The.	Allos.					
Cabbage	1.28	0.1	5.8	20					
Cauliflower	2	0	5	20					
Apple	0	0.2	10.4	56					
Banana	1.09	0.33	22.8	90					
Lemon	1.50	0.9	11.1	57					
Carrot	10	0.2	9	40					
Potato	2	0.1	19	80					
Onion	1.1	0.1	9.4	40					
Diary Produc	ce								
Milk	3.2	4.1	4.4	67					
Egg	3.1	2.8	0.2	39					
			A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A						

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Table no 4 1 4 2 Variety and Quantity of Consumables

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with ambient air. A ventilator forces air through the portal and the heat exchanger and into the space, whereby the ambient air is cooled and displaces gaseous nitrogen from the space. This creates a cold breathable atmosphere within the space to enable food to be loaded or unloaded. The air is sent in containers by the P2MR. 1.7 mt

4.1.7 Medical Facilities:

53.5 cm

Wireless routers

28 cm

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There are four hospitals in the residential torus. Each hospital is spread over an area of 500m². These hospitals can also enable quarantine. These hospitals use many

technologies such as the 'AGreen system', the 'Are- Toric Solution', 'Are- Doppler HCU S8',

Butter

'Are-WS'. The AGreen system is a wireless system which is fixed in the hospitals which tracks the staff members, checking whether they clean their hands properly; and tag them if they don't. 'Are-Toric Solution' is a combined solution to provide a fast and reliable toric

lens surgery to patients with increased safety through an integrated workflow. 'Are-Doppler HCU S8' is a portable system which is a perfect combination of 4D and echo-cardiology which is used in the cardiology wing and other technologies which can be used in other branches of medicine. The high configuration of system enables to meet the strictest requirements from the cardiologist. Are-WS

is a wireless video technology to meet the video transmission challenges in the Institute the tet 's PR matina # * * operating room.

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720

1.2 mt

1.49 mt

Fig 4.1.6.1

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4.1.8 Education

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In Aresam there will be one school. With latest developments of a particular subject or topic at their disposal, students can definitely enhance their knowledge and skills not only for examination but for careers as well with the help of the digipads. The students will be able to access the videos, web pages, text documents or notes installed by the teachers. The digipads comes with a touch sensitive display that permits the use of a stylus to write papers, solve math equations, highlight text and make notes, creating a digital classroom environment for students.

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4.1.9 Long Lines Of Sight

The community is designed in such a way that it apparently appears to be big. The line of sight would be similar to that of Earth i.e, 1120m. 8h

4.2 Housing:

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The population has been divided into three categories viz. High Income (20%), Medium Income (50%) and Low Income (30%). According to these categories they have been allocated houses.

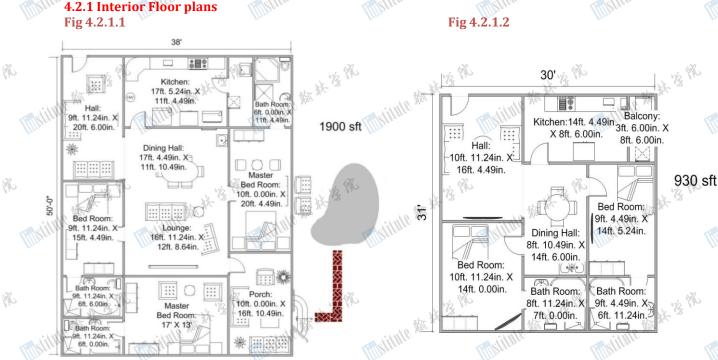
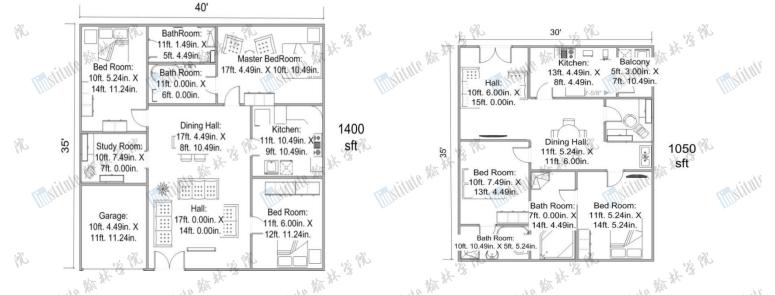
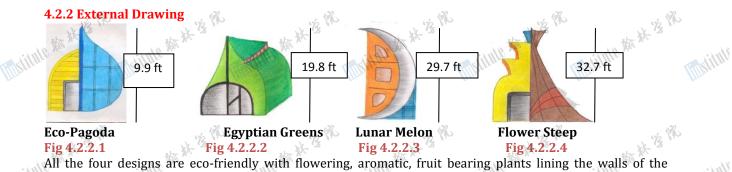




Fig 4.2.1.4





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All the four designs are eco-friendly with flowering, aromatic, fruit bearing plants lining the walls of the houses giving them soothing effect and natural colors. The plants aid balancing of atmospheric gases and prevent unhealthy radiations from the walls. This also becomes a viable option for reducing the cost of food and aesthetics. We would also use seasonal flowers and change the external colors periodically.

1	Table no 4.	2.2.5				2	A Sho		. 46		, As
Institu	Design Name	Area occup- ied (sft)	No of Bedr- ooms	Allocate	d to	No. required for each design	No of floors	No of houses per floor	No. of buildings	Area per floor (sft)	Total Area (sft)
×.	Figure 1 (Design 1)	1900	3	High Married .	Income Adults	800	1	1	800	2400	1920000
Pio -	Figure 2 (Design2)	930	2 3	Low Singles	Income	580	2 3 00	2 频 茶	145	2015	292175
linstit	Figure 3 (Design 3)	1400	3	Medium married and income s	adults high	2520	3	2	420	2975	1249500
₩s.	Figure 4 (Design4)	1050	2 *****	married	Income adults nedium	2650	3 *****	2 3 rd floor is penthouse	530	2275	1205750
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4.2.3 Furniture Table no 4.2.3.1

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¥.	Design	Description	Total no of Material the furniture	Dimensions
Institu	Fig 4.2.3.1	This pod is sound proof. It will energize the person and it also plays music.	7350+1055(i Aluminium, n offices) leather	1.8 mts X 0.5 mts X 0.4 mts
18. Mariti	Energy POD Fig 4.2.3.2 Multipurpose Bed	This bed would be provided in the hall which gives the facility of watching television and storing books. It is convertible.		mastitute # # # 18
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This furniture is easily convertible 2110 and when closed it requires comparatively little space to store when not in use. It is used in offices to work. It can accommodate four adults

Cotton, aluminium, iron

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Radius = 1.3mts, height = 0.8 mts

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4.2.4: Source and Manufacture of Furniture items and Appliances:

Materials such as aluminium, titanium and iron are brought from Phobos and materials such as glass cotton institute the the are made/grown in Aresam

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The manufacture of furniture items and appliances will be made with help of Are-KV.

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4.3 Safety Systems and Devices and Vehicles 4.3.1 External Transportation Table no 4.3.1.1

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	Design	Name	Utility	Capacity	Distinct Features	Dimen-	No. per	Payload
>	1 B The	13 VA	1 B Th	×-	1/3 the 1/3 the	sions	each design	(lbs)
linstit		Sejaks	To transport various robots from Aresam to mining base on Phobos and mars and vice versa	50 robots	Its structure helps to transport the robots, goods and machinery easily.	20m x 20m x 10m	3	710,231
>	Fig 4.3.1.1	1 B 84	and wastes to Deimos.		B The B	n an	1 B 840	
Institu	Fig 4.3.1.2	Auror a	To transport passengers between Earth and Aresam	1165 A	Unique different design is useful in the dock and easy to land	22m x 15m x 6.6m	5	46,600
Institu	Fig 4.3.1.3	Viper	To transport passengers between Mars and Aresam	960	Its sleek design makes it the fastest means of transport between Earth and Aresam.	25m x 14.86m x 8m	3 **********	14,124.8
>	Fig 4.3.1.4	Pugna	To transport people and cargo from Aresam and other settlements	650	Luxury and gaming facilities inside the ship.	15.5m x 7.6m x 4.9m	10 於 ^{後榮}	24,206
Militan	4.3.2 Airlock System	IS	and title	atitute	tinstitute	and the second		stitut



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Dimensions: - Radius r = 47.72 mts height = 5 mts Capacity -600 people No. of Floors-2. It contains two floors with a capacity of 300 each. Each floor has a height of 2.5 mts Another airlock is provided on top of the major dock which will give access from the top of the dock to the chamber where the docking is done. This dock will be used mainly to transport space ships The radius of this dock = 100 mts. The height of the dock=80 mts Fig 4.3.4.1

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Fig 4.3.2.1

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4.3.3 Safety systems to be used in zero-g or micro-g areas:

Human access in micro-g will be basically low but there will be more robots working in this area.

物法学 There will be cameras and motion sensors to monitor the humans in the zero-g and micro-g areas.

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These cameras will report danger if there is any harm caused to the humans.

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Hand Rails

175 cm 🔏

75 cm

4.3.4 Safety Devices to be used:

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Handrails: These handrails will be kept on the walls so that the humans can walk safely in the zero-g areas. These are provided at a height which is suitable for humans. The handrails that are attached to the walls are 9 cms in height.

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Foothold: The foothold to be used in these areas is designed in such a way that it provides utmost comfort to the humans. There is a support for the Achilles' tendon so that it doesn't go back. There are also magnets provided below the heel of the foot so that the foot remains in place. Cushion is also provided below the hold for the front part of the foot so that there is no harm caused to the foot. This is a common problem experienced by humans in zero-g areas.

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Tethers: The tether will be attached to the spacesuit near the stomach which can be attached to the handrail also. This can enable fast movement in the zero-g or micro-g areas. The tether is provided with a spring so that they can move about for some distance freely. The spring in the tether is attached around the stomach so that it doesn't hang down.



We are providing two different kinds of space suits. One is for operations in unpressurized volumes within the settlement and the other is for external operations and Mars operations. Radiation shielding is provided to the space suits used for external and mars operations and the ones used inside the settlement are not provided with radiation shielding.

4.3.5.1 Donning and Doffing Procedures:

While donning the space suit the person first wears the flexible bio suit and does not wear anything else for the next half an hour, so that he gets used to the bio-suit. Then he wears the gloves and the gecko boots. And then finally wears the pressurized helmet. While doffing the suit, first the helmet is to be removed then the gloves and the boots and finally the bio suit.

4.3.5.2 Materials used in making space suit:

Nylon tricot; Spandex; Urethane-coated Nylon; Dacron 4.3.5.3 Special features of the space suit:

It is skin tight and is very comfortable.

It provides easy mobility.

Using the specially designed tethers the space suited persons can attach themselves to the hand rails and other devices provided in the micro gravity regions.

It is so comfortable that people using that can even take a nap in it.

4.4 Demographic Shifts:

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Since Aresam will get a lot of residents and transient population, the settlement is designed in such a way that it can accommodate up to 22000 people including the transient population. Hence flexible community design and residences are provided.

4.4.1 Demographic Changes in the Transit Population:

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There is a constant increase in the transient population i.e., 50 per year up to 30 years. After 30 years the transit population will become 2000. 4.4.2 Flexible Housing and Community Design:

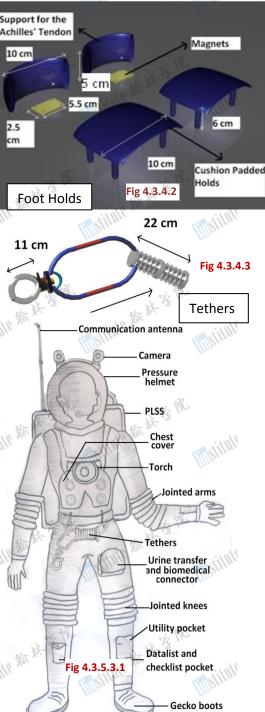
We at Northdonning Heedwell are providing a free space of 273273m² in the community. This will be used for future expansion. Initially this will act as green cover for the community and when the expansion starts this space will be used for the construction of houses. The walls in the houses are

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made up of Arement sustainable which can be used as interior walls, exterior walls, floors and roofs. These can be easily installed and easily removed and taken to a different place or can be built as offices or new houses. These are very useful for the transient population. The transit population is temporary and every time a new person comes to the settlement he must be provided with a new house. So these walls can actually

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be removed and they can form a new house according to the person's choice. The number of floors can be increased and also partitions can be made to make new rooms.

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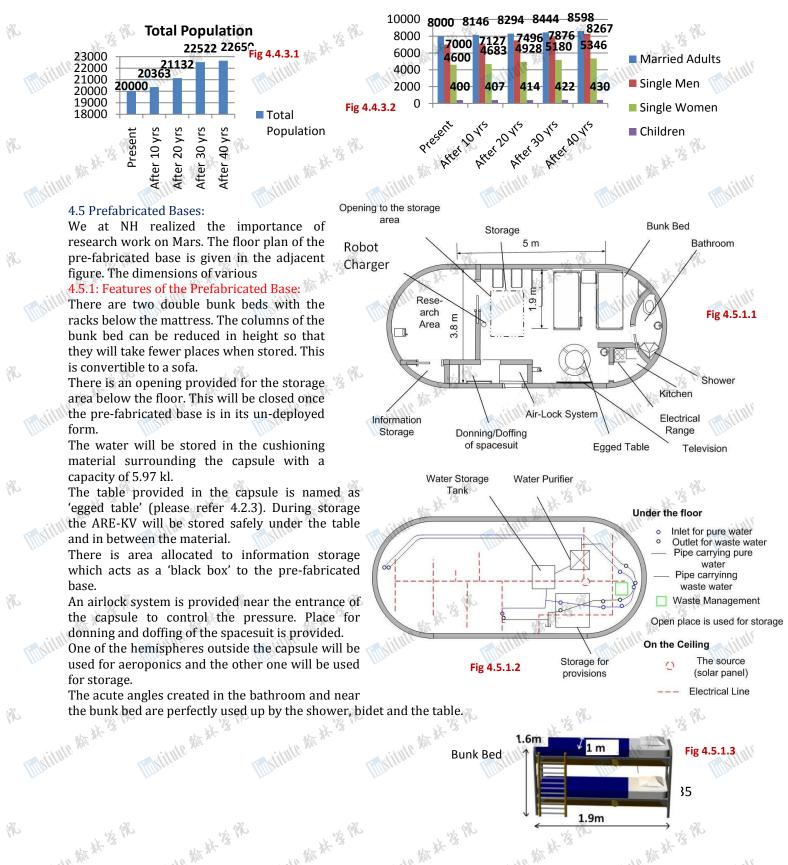
4.4.3 Demographic Trends:

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The population of Aresam will gradually increase over time. The increase in population is given in the following two charts. There will be a gradual increase in all sections of people and it increases more in the case of singles as children grow up to be singles.



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1/3 8/2 **5.0 AUTOMATION DESIGNS AND SERVICES:**

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柳林飞 The Automation Engineers have worked untiringly to provide the best facilities to enhance the livingability of the people of ARESAM. The robots we provide have been designed and developed by ourslves. The robots mentioned are cost-effective and reliable. We are not only keeping in view the maitenance of the community but also the maintenance of the robots. Keeping in view the RFP we put forward our department.

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in still	DEVICE	HARD DISK CAPACITY	RAM	TRANFER SPEED (MAX.)	PURPOSE NO TAILULE # # 3 PO
Rs.	Personal device	1024 GB	17.9 GB	2.6 GB/s	For gaming, music, programming and designing. It is also equipped with a projector, which projects a virtual screen on any opaque surface and uses hand signals as input signals.
Instit	Home PC	5252 GB	92.2 GB	14 GB/s	This serves for the purposes of gaming, music, and programming, designing, and scheduling personal activities. They also allow the humans to give commands and control the robot's functions. The PC's main function is to provide entertainment and storage facility to the humans in the settlement.
10 stitl	Industrial computers	15360 GB	269.688 GB	81 GB/s	Used for all industrial purposes: Such as, controlling, planning, designing and programming the robots. It has high storage capacity. All the, reports, fatal errors, chemical leakages, if any and minor/major damages etc, will be recorded in these PCs. All the above will also be reported to the nearest sub-server.
R Imstit	Hospitals	840 TB	14.6 GB	11 GB/s	Used for storing health information of the residents. The information is recorded till the person leaves the settlement. If the person migrates to any other settlement these records are sent to that settlement.
% Intvitt	Schools	6144 GB	107.875 GB	21 GB/s	The school computers are used for educational purposes. These are loaded with softwares that are necessary for the lessons, chapters, educational material, syllabi, periodical examination papers, results, reports etc. These records are very important as the student will be given a copy of his records when he completes his schooling.

Table 5.0.2 showing the details of the Servers and their Configurations:

	No Cho	No Vie	No Cho	140	2.	the second secon	No Sto
	TYPE OF SERVER	the state of the s	HARD DISK	RAM	TRANSFER	NUMBER	OF
	、你 ^K	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CAPACITY	in the way	RATE(MAX.)	SERVERS PRE	ESENT
atit	Main Server of the	Settlement	1,026,460 GB	18022.4	121 GB/s	1 otitul	
III De.			IIIIne.	GB	Allaser		
	Residential and	Entertainment Sub	547,143 GB	8396.8	64 GB/s	2	
	Server			GB			
	Industrial and Agri	cultural Sub-Server	763,659 GB	12902.4	78 GB/s	2	132
			NY BY	GB S		it's the	y Bry
	Back-Up Server	· ·	4,581,954 GB	15974.4	182 GB/s	4	5 th
ditt	Itiber al		itite and the second	GB	atitute	atitule .	
TURON	TTIPO	TIMORA	TUPO		TTIDe.	III Box	

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5.1 Automation for construction and interior finishing and assembly:

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5.1.1Automation for External construction: We the Automation Engineers of NH have decided to employ RCX 1(Figures 5.1.3 and 5.1.4) to serve this purpose. This robot has two clamps through which it attaches itself to any supportive structure. It also consists of four thrusters fixed at different places to facilitate the movement. The arms possess the capacity to hold, place and weld the material in place. In addition to the above, it also has storage area, a built in computer and a camera.

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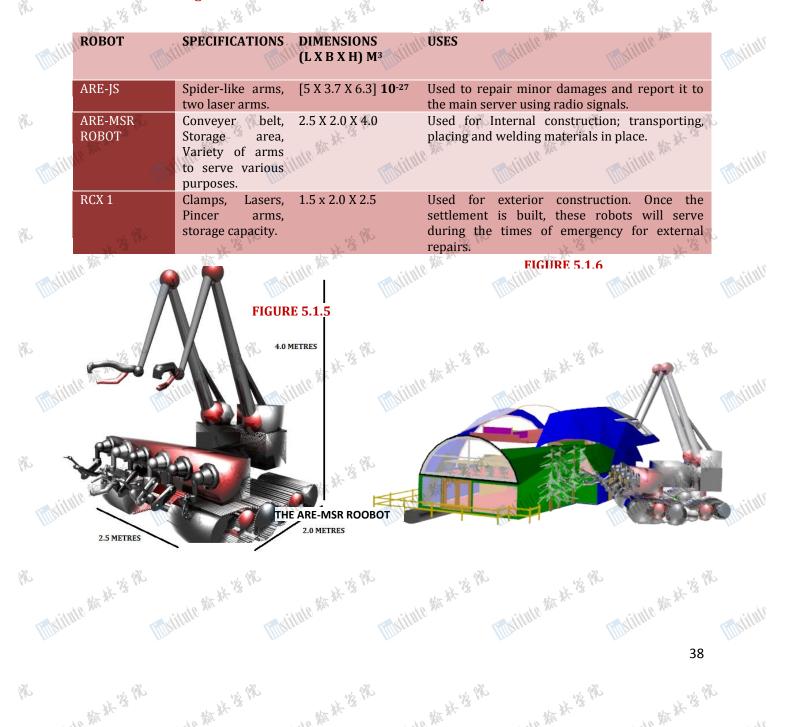
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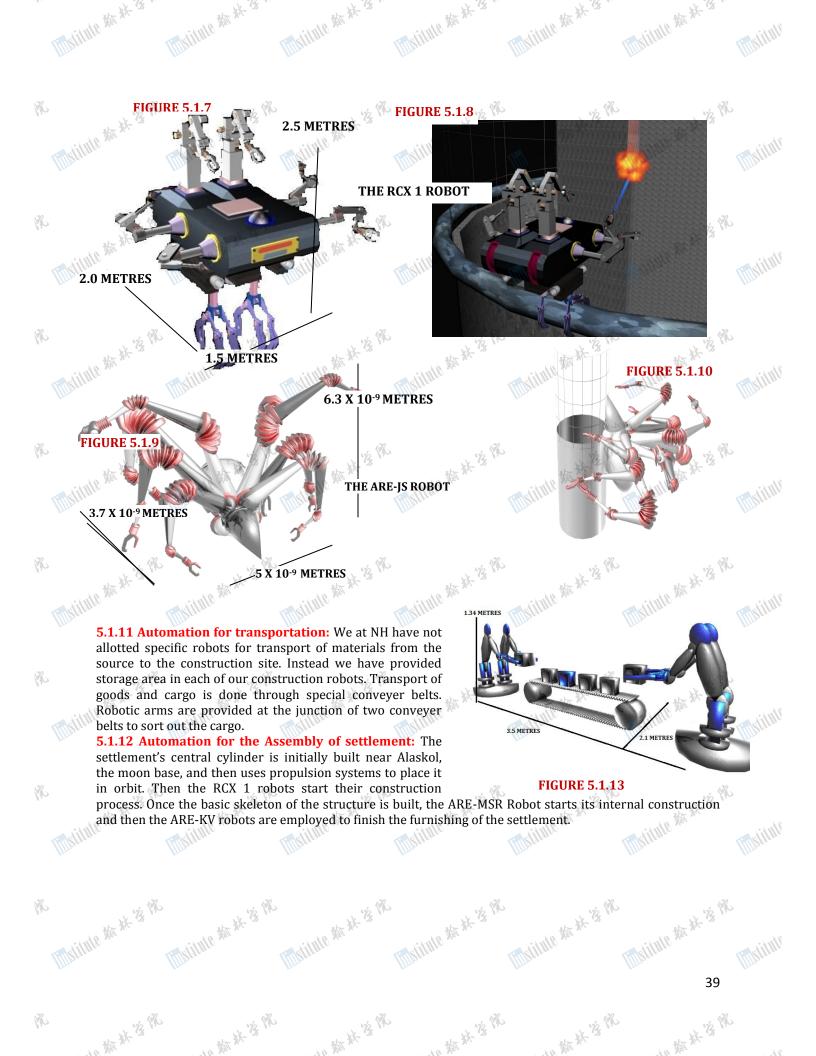
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5.1.2 Automation for Internal construction: The ARE-MSR Robot (Figures 5.1.5 and 5.1.6) is used for the interior construction of the settlement. This robot has three specific parts i.e., storage area, welding arms and placing arms.

5.1.3 Automation for Interior Furnishing: The ARE-KV Robots(Figure) are employed for the furnishing and finishing of the interiors of the settlement. After completion of this stage the same robots are used to facilitate the needs of the residents in their homes.

Table 5.1.4 showing the robots used for construction and assembly of the settlement:





	斯 ^{林·浅彩}	1. 海水 多彩	新庆资保	· 法 · 法 · 化	城水资化	the We want
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mstill	J.2 Automation	n systems for settle	ment maintena	nce, repair, and	safety function	s, including
	contingency pla		long for the settl	am an ta cafatra		
	DAMAGE	wing the Contingency p INDICATIONS	RESPONSE	REMEDIAL ACTIO	N	
	CAUSED	INDICATIONS	WITHIN	REMEDIAL ACTION		20
	Damage to the Shielding	Alarms ring in that particular region.	15 seconds	People from that sp the next communi- repair the damage a	ty. Robots are o	deployed to
mistre	Fire Break-Out	The temperature recorders blow an alarm.	5 seconds	The water spouts shower at that sp areas, the industrie problem is solved.	fixed to the ro becific region. In	of begin to n industrial
	Damage to the	All the alarms ring. All	Immediately	People are evacuate	ed through the e	escape ports 🌾
	settlement by	the functions going on		and transported to		
Tith	an asteroid or	in the settlement		robots first evacu		
MILLION	any other body.	cease		themselves get into	the escape ports.	Jon III
Militan	Change in the amount of gases in the atmosphere	The atmosphere controlling system reports it immediately to the nearest sub-server.	5 seconds	The people living settlement are evac gas %'s are brought then patrol through any corrosion cause changes in the atmo	tuated until the a t back to normal. that area to see to the structur	atmospheric Robots will if there was
Illin	Failure in the	Naturally we will	70 seconds	Power production is		ar power as
Institu	functioning of the Solar Panels	observe power fluctuations in the settlement. The corresponding system also sends an malfunctioning report to the nearest sub- server.	新基资格	fast as possible. The replaced by the new defective ones, if a stored for furth production is again	ew ones by the repairable are n er usage. Lat	robots. The nended and 7. cer, power
	Uncontrolled	The system employed	15 minutes	The nuclear reactor		
	production of	to control this energy	15 th	as possible. Any ot		
	nuclear energy	will send an error report.	the the	settlement, are repa the nearby areas to		
. istr	NC 3020	report.	The second	traces of wastage		
THSU	. The	In Shee		settlement.		
-	Failure in	Over storage of water	3 minutes	Until the repairs are		
	water	leads to the bulging of		storage in that area		
	processing	the water pipelines.		in that area also take	es place after the	repairs.
	systems.	Supply of impure water occurs when	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ····································	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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THISTIC		fail. The systems				Sullar.
M.		monitoring this				Lo Lo
		function forward an				
		error report to the				.32
	Failure of	nearest sub-server.	45 seconds	Robots are deploye	d immediately t	a ronair the
	Failure of PDLC devices.	Complete brightness or darkness is	45 Secollus	damaged PDLC devi		
mstitl	to the second se	allee mastillee	Trastit	the thirth	Not THE	Sulline In

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1%	the the	observed in that affected areas.	W. B. B.	cause many adverse affects on the humans and the settlement itself.	4.
linstit	Failure of Propulsive Systems	The settlement's propulsion is halted or the movement of the settlement will be disturbed a little.	20 seconds	The damaged propulsion systems are detached and new ones from the storage are fitted.	Instit
R	Failure in the Electronic clothes	Small electric shock impulses will be felt by the person wearing them.	20 minutes	The batteries of these electronic clothes will be immediate disposed through robots. The person will be transported to the hospital for a check- up. Any health hazards/side effects caused due to the electric impulses will be treated.	PE Institu
PR Talsitt	Damage to the Monorail Systems	The monorails fail to function properly. There may be some major/minor damages detected.	15 minutes	The systems controlling the monorails will detect any major/minor - damages/problems and report to the nearest sub-sever. This damaged monorail will be repaired through another service monorail. The time required to repair may vary according to the type of problem caused. Later, the monorail will have to go through a few primary tests.	PK.
PR .	Damages in Airlocks	There may be varying differences in the level of air inside the airlocks. People inside will feel suffocated and breathless.	10 seconds	This problem in the airlocks is immediately detected by the system controlling it. People inside are immediately evacuated and repairs are undertaken. Several tests are done before the airlock is used again.	PZ masili
PR .	Solar flare	The robots working on the exterior of the settlement will get damaged due to the solar flare.	Within 1 min	A coat of Iridium- Osmium alloy, Martian regolith and silver coated cenospheres will be immediately painted over the robots and then the nanobots are employed to detect any minor reapirs.	PR.
Institu	Unauthorized Access	ID's, Servers and computers can be subjected to hacking.	10 sec	Locate the infringement and trace theIP of the hacker. The AHTS(Advanced Hacker Tracking System) will be activated immediately.	Instit

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5.2.2 Robots for maintenance: Maintenance of the seetlement is one important aspect. We are therefore, emphasizing on the topic that more robots are employed to do this work. We are configuring this task of maintenance in as many robots as possible so that the costs can be maintained and the number of robots on the settlement is reduced. Lesser the robots more the people feel earth-like.

5.2.3 Robots for repair: For minor repairs, the ARE-JS are used. They fill the gaps and seal the settlement. For major damages, the construction robots are employed. These robots these are made of titanium and coated with Iridium- Osmium alloy, Martian regolith and silver coated cenospheres and hence are resistant to solar flare activity.

5.2.4 Authorized access to Critical Data: Care is taken not to allow the personal and private data into the settlement. The provision of personal devices to every resident of the settlement is actually one of the methods to ensure it. Confidential data of the settlement is maintained in highly protected computers and different methods like scanning of retina, DNA, finger prints and providing passwords to ensure that the data is not lost to an unauthorized person.

Portable data sticks: We the engineers of NH have decided to use a new breed of portable data-sticks, which use light pulses to transfer data. These devices have a storage capacity, which starts from 8 TB. These devices store data in a way, similar to the SSDs, but show a distinction in the method of data transfer.

They convert the data into light impulses, which fall on the single photon detectors installed in all the matinte # 3 thitte the the tytitute the the computers and personal devices on ARESAM.

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	Table 5.2.5 showing th	ie number and n	ames of va	arious robots:	波斯林凌佛	Withthe # K & R
	Name of the Robot	No. on boa	rd in	ARE-SAN	130	
		ARESAM		ARE-JS	35,000	
Ì	ARE-KV	6,990		RCX 1	143,547	
	ARE-MSR	87,653	h th	ARE-KV (Compact	660	1/2 Pho
	ARE-TAR	170,000	the the	Form)	秋 3	物族法常
1		170,000	9679	ARE-RP	50	State atres
	Table 5.2.6 listing anti	cipated automa	tion requi	rements for operation of t	he settlemen	t: Milline
	PURPOSE	SYSTEM	FUNCT	FIONS COVERED		
	Structural Maintenance	ARE-SM	Securi	ty, cleanliness, other simple	operations of	the settlement.
j	Atmospheric Control	ARE-AC	Super	vision over the temperature	nressure hu	umidity etc. Can be

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	PURPOSE	SYSTEM	FUNCTIONS COVERED	
	Structural Maintenance	ARE-SM	Security, cleanliness, other simple operations of the settlement.	
	Atmospheric Control	ARE-AC	Supervision over the temperature, pressure, humidity etc. Can be over-taken by humans at any time.	
stitu	Nanobot systems	ARE-NS	Commands over the ARE-JS Robots in the settlement used in various field viz, Biology and repair of the settlement etc.	institute
	Enhancing robotic work	ARE-RW	Updates the robots with the latest information periodically and improves their work efficiency	
	Environmental Adaptability	ARE-EnA	Sense the climatic entities and reports them to all the robots for them to adapt.	
	Domestic Maintenance	ARE- DoMain	Supervises over the maintenance of the communities, sectors and the settlement	a ste
stit	Electricity distribution and Generation	ARE-Elec	Supervises over the electricity necessities, production and consumption. It also supervises the solar-panels' functioning and usage. (Refer Operations And Infrastructure pg.)	mstitut
	Networking	ARE-NW	Supervises the networking in ARESAM. Any problems and fatal errors found will be reported through them.(Refer pg.)	
	Help services	Sub-Servers	It facilitates the residents with help services like fire emergencies, health emergencies etc.,)× 0
stitu	Food Management	ARE-FM	Supervises over the production, consumption, usage, harvesting and culturing of crops in the settlement. Also supervises over the Vertical Farming Method of production.(Refer Operations And Infrastructure pg.)	mstitut
	Health Monitoring	ARE-HM	Supervises and records the health of the residents. Also controls and commands the electronic clothes.(Refer Human Engineering pg.)	
stitt	Docking Control	ARE-DC	Supervises stores and displays the schedule of ships docking into the settlement. Also monitors their repairs and launching functions. Loading and unloading of cargo is also taken care of by this system.	mstitute
	Day/Night Cycles	ARE-DNS	Supervises over the day and night cycles and controls the PDLC glasses.(Refer Human Engineering pg.)	

5.3 Automation for Enhancing livability in ARESAM:

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5.3.1 Personal delivery of services: For Internal and external Communications Services, Entertainment, Information and Computing, the computers and personal devices are used. ARE- KV Robots are provided to each house in the settlement. Other robotic assistance is provided as and when necessary.

5.3.2 Maintenance robots: Maintenance of a community is an important factor that will attract people to reside in ARESAM. We are providing space-class facilities to the residents to make their lives simpler, faster and better. The ARE-KV Robots, Are-JS Robots are mainly employed for these purposes. The ARE-KV Robots, apart from the houses'

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maintenance, will also involve themselves in the maintenance of the community they belong to, whereas the ARE-IS Robots will indulge in minor repairs of ARESAM.

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The ARE-TAR also is used to harvest the crops grown in and around the residential communities. The ARE-TAR, apart from harvesting, also helps in cleaning-up and maintaining the hygiene in the settlement. **5.3.4 Automation for Agriculture:** The ARE-TAR agricultural Robot is equipped with various parts like the scissor-arms, storage compartment and pincer-arms. It also has an elevator fixed on its top-side that helps it take samples from bigger heights.



5.3.7 Information stored in the main server that will be accessible only by authorized personnel:



HOSPITALS:

- Health records of all the people in the settlement.

- Types of medicines to be used for different diseases.

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- Types of robots and their daily routine.

- Security systems.

- Research for pre-fabricated base.

- Day and night controlling system.

- Internal and external communication.

OPERATIONS INFORMATION:

- Water processing system.

- Schedule of space ships.

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- Waste processing.

- Propulsion systems.

AUTOMATION INFORMATION:

- Number of robots used in the settlement.
- Remedies for new diseases.
- Computers involved in different purposes.
- Robots involved in the hospitals.
- Computers used for dictating the information to the robots.

INDUSTRIES INFORMATION:

- Information of production of new goods.
- Research information.
- Mining stations.

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- Details of new materials found on Mars. **BUSINESS INFORMATION:**
- Cost of various things.
- Accounts showing profit and loss in the settlement.

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- **INDIVIDUAL DATA:**
- Education Records
- Certificates

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- Identity Proofs
- Criminal Records
- Health Status

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- Other Personal Data

5.3.8 Networking in Aresam:-We at Northdonning Heedwell are providing butterfly network for external and honey comb network for internal networking. For this networking, we are providing a main server in the

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center and an extra server shall be provided which will act like a backup server. This server will be connected to the main server. The main server will further continue on both sides into two sub servers. There will be Industrial Server and Agriculture Server on both sides of the Main Server connected to the first Sub-Server.

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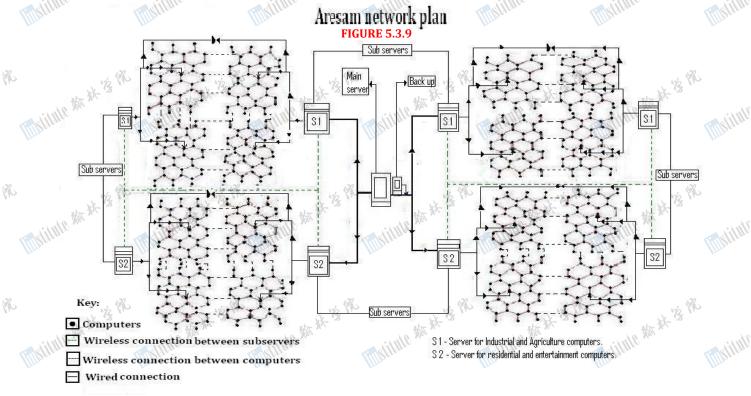
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To the second Sub-Server, Residential and Entertainment sector Server will be connected. The computers will be connected in the form of honeycomb mesh network. As there are two types of computers connected to each Sub-Server the honey comb arrangement will be divided into the form of bus network. This shall further continue in a wireless connection to another set of computers which are arranged in the form of honeycomb in the serial of bus and are attached to another sub server. Likewise for the other Sub-Server the computers will be connected in two groups. These are the Residential and the Entertainment sector. These computers are further continued in the form of another set of wireless computers. All the Sub-Servers in the settlement are connected to each other with wireless means of communication. If any person from the Industrial sector wants to access his computer from the Residential sector then he will have to pass through certain formalities like retina scan, finger print, passwords etc. from the Sub-Server the connection to the computers will be provided with the help of a node present exactly in the center of the honey comb. Therefore there shall be total eight Sub-Servers provided in ARESAM and one main server, the other acting like a backup server. The following measures are taken to avoid hacking, and misusing of personal and very critical data. The critical data of the settlement will be loaded onto the Main Server of the settlement. The personnel having access to the Main Server has to pass through many securities and only then will he be able to operate it. The checks would not take much time as two to three checks will be done at one time. If unsuccessful then an alarm rings immediately with high intensity that will make that person unconscious (the sound resembles the ultra-sonics.) If successful then the person will be able to operate the Main Server without any difficulty.



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5.4 Communication between Earth and Mars and dealing with communication delays: The minimum distance between Earth and Mars is estimated to be 54, 510, 620km and the time delay will be 181.702 seconds (3.028minutes). The maximum distance between these two planets is estimated to be 401,355,980kms. At this distance, the minimum time delay will be 1337.85seconds (22.29minutes). But the average communication delay is calculated to be around 759.72 seconds. (12.662minutes). We have decided to transmit and receive data to and from earth continuously.

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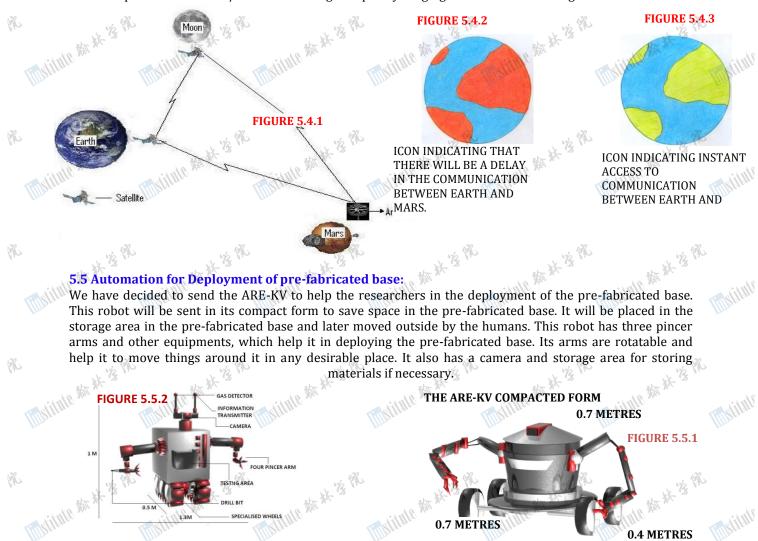
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Moreover, all the data from the earth will be taken to the settlement at the time of transport of computers and other devices. In this way, the data will be available at all the time to the residents of Earth. Any update which has taken place on Earth will be transmitted to settlement immediately. Any new website created on Earth will be detected and the data will be transmitted to the settlement. If any resident tries to use this data, his computer is redirected to the server on the settlement. This gives an appearance of instant access. The Internet speed will be 18 Gb/s with the average frequency ranging between 52.8 – 80 Giga Hertz.



The ARE-RP will be used to explore and research theMartian atmosphere, rocks and soil. It has a special drill bit, a four pincer rotatable arm, testing area, a rotatable camera, temperature sensors, gas detector, information transmitters and other devices which make it a robot perfect for its job. It is compact, light weight and very effective at its work.

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5.5.3 Automation for Mining on Phobos/Deimos: As mentioned above in Operations and Infrastructure pg.no. we are mining on Phobos/Deimos. Therefore the Automation engineers have developed a unique design for the ARE-SAN mining robot. This robot has a mining arm at its centre to allow free drilling in any direction. It is also equipped with two other pincer-like arms which help it in handling the mined material. At the apex of these Pincer-like arms are placed lazors which hlep it in mining. It has a storage shaft/area on its dorsal side. At its end it is equipped with a bulldozer-like arm which helps it to digging the soils of Phobos/Deimos.

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6.1 Schedule of Aresam:

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Aresam will be scheduled to be completed in nine years. The Schedule for Aresam is shown in the below table

below table			R			R	-		R		B. VI
20++	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	物水路
Pre-Construction Phase	St 1110			M stitt	100		Mastill	100	T	stitut	in the second
Contract Awarded				The			has			LLL.	Illus
Manufacture of Robots											
Research Work			Sh-			, Sh			. Sh		
Mining of Materials		- X	3			R. V		X	·B \-		振 ^{读、"法} "
Phase 1	ature	120		tie -	16 2990		- itt	CC Mar		Amire	No.
Construction of Cylinder	TRAIL.			mour			mour		1	IIISUAC	Tink.
Phase 2											_
Construction of Docks											
Communication Hemisphere			h th			· k St			1/2 Ph		the the the
Reflectors	1	N.			、 你	R -		、你		10	www.
Nuclear Reactor	stille			mstit	100		mstill	100	5	stitut	Time
Phase 3				In			In			Alle	In
Construction of Moibius Tube											_
Construction of Solar Panels			a.			A.			A.		
Phase 4		- xk-	3		4	K B V		X	'B		the the the the
Construction of Secondary Torus	stute ?	190		. itt	Brick all		The second	CC The		Amire	
TUBLIC T	100res			MIRPL			msur			TUPPIN	TIM

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	Expansion of Moibius Tube 🐪			6 %			16 Ph			6 %		the West
	Phase 5	ł	₩ [™]	2		NA NA	13		を	2		· · · · · ·
atitut	Construction of Primary Torus	tute '	[rs -		atiti			atit	10 1		atitute	All the second second
Illoe	Phase 6				IIII ar			IIII ac			Illipe	IIIIne.
	Generation of Atmosphere											
	Laying of Pipelines			. 20			. 20			.30		132
	Interior Construction		NL Y	CA CA		L.	is the			3 40		in the two
ine.	Interior Finishing	te 3	N. A.			。 客			。 物		ater.	W. W.
astitu	Testing	In.		×	MISUU			TTISUL.		T		1 mstiller
	Approval by Foundation Society				¥			V				V

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6.1.1: Schedule Dates:

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	Major Design	Date of Completion	6.1.2: The original populatio established on 17-Oct-2065.	n will be
	Cylinder	3-Aug-56	6.1.3: No of Employees in each	phase
dita	Docks	7-Sep-57	Name of the No of the Emp	the second state
IIIbur	Communication Hemisphere	3-Dec-56	Phase	ioyees min
	Reflectors	3-Feb-57	Pre- Researchers: 1	20; Engineers:30
	Nuclear Reactor	8-Dec-56	Construction	.91
	Moibius tube	3-Jan-58	Phase Phase 1 Engineers: 70:	Researchers: 25
	Solar Panels	3-Jun-57		Researchers: 15
nstit	Secondary Torus	7-0ct-59); Researchers:20;
	Primary Torus	20-Dec-60	Phase 4 Engineers: Technicians: 2	125;Researchers: 10; 0
	Foundation Conistra Manham	17 0 -+ 2064	Phase 5 Engineers:150	; Technicians:30
	Foundation Society Members can enter into the settlement on	17-0ct-2064	Phase 6 Technicians: 7	5; Engineers: 90
, istr	6.2 COST: 6.2.1 Cost billed per year of A	622 Costo	版 ^{状 3} illed in every.ill ¹⁰ 版版	W W W S
IIISUI	Design through construction:	PHASE 1 Cost	of the PRE-	Cost

6.2 COST:

2064

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	can enter mu	o the settlement on	
	6.2 COST:	W W aller	k and
111		illed per year of Ai ugh construction:	Do.
	•	construction of	PHASE Materi
	Aresam:	-	Alumin
	Year	Costs	Super a
	2055	43b \$ 3	Carbon
	2056	14b \$	2.1
, II	2057	16b \$	tubes
10.	2058	50b \$	Interio
			TOTAL
	2059	60b \$	
	2060	20b \$	
	2061	8b \$	PHASE 2
	2062 18 190	15b \$	Materia
	2063	10b \$	Docks
)	2005	TOD	Super ad

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resam's 6.2.2	Costs billed in every	titute the the star
PHASE 1 Material	Cost of the material	PRE- CONSTRUC
Aluminium	28,300,000\$	PHASE
Super adobe 🐗	742,000\$	Mining Base
Carbon 📜 nan	0 230,000\$	Research
tubes	W. W. W.	Robots
Interior Costs	7,500,000,000\$	technologie
TOTAL	7,529,272,000\$	Aresam
TUTAL	7,527272,000\$	TOTAL.

>	PHASE 2 Material used	Cost of the material
	Docks	12,600,000,000
	Super adobe	420,000\$
	Space Ships	6,670,000,000\$
	Stainless steel	350,000\$
	Titanium	245,000\$
	Reflectors	740,000\$
	Nuclear rector	302,300,000\$
	TOTAL 🔐	19,574,055,000\$
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ery	PRE-	Stiller	Cost	mstillur
he	CONSTRUCTION	J	CUSI	
	PHASE	•		
	Mining Base		8,560,350	,000\$
•	Research		920,600,0	00\$
	Robots	and	54,400,00	0,000\$
i bea	technologies us	ed in		
THO	Aresam	Mo.		TUDE
	TOTAL		63,880,9	50,000\$
	PHASE 3			
	Material used	Cost		the
	B. B.	mate	2 X 22	
	Titanium	650,0	N. Contraction of the second s	2 to 1
il mon	Aluminium	34,00		ast full
Illian	Super adobe	250,0		Allen
	Mono-rails		5,086,390\$	
	Pipelines		400,000\$	
	Rails		5,840\$	
	Solar panels TOTAL		0,000,000\$ 0,137,230	2
	TOTAL	3,14	0,137,2303	
fillst	lu.	SULLAR	,	fills (100°

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	PHASE 4		
5	Industries	95,600,000,000\$ 245,000\$ 1,600,000,000\$	h
	Titanium	245,000\$	
iti	Community with 3.5g	1,600,000,000\$	
fillS640	Pipelines	15,600,000\$	
	Agricultural Sector	8,490,000,000\$	
	Aluminium	245,300\$	
	Super black	785,000\$	50
3	Kevlar 👷 🔨	785,000\$ 317,900\$ 923,000\$ 3,400,000\$	10
	Rxf1	923,000\$	
.itt	Di cholo pentadiene	3,400,000\$	
fillS010	Martian regolith	2,310,000\$	
	Gold	321,980\$	
	Magnetic super	930,000\$	
	condensing lens		57
3	Demron 🖤	32,100\$	10
	Mmod shield	32,100\$ 498,000\$ 241,000\$ 105 715 849 280\$	
tit	Optic fibres	241,000\$	
TURNER .	TOTAL	105,715,849,280\$	

PHASE 5	大张 (3	
Commodity used	Cost	
Residential Community	33,500,000,000\$	
(excluding houses)	Three	The second secon
Escape Ports (Minor	50,600,000\$	
docks)		
Rails 🚜	3,893,600\$	5
Pipelines	45,000,000\$	
Titanium	23,000\$	
Aluminium	4,930,000\$	
Super black	6,700,000\$	
Kevlar	289,000\$	
Rxf1	4,765,000\$	
Demron	245,000\$	5
TOTAL	33,676,745,600\$	
an an antitulte star an	withit and the	
IIII ar	IIIII III	
	Commodity usedResidentialCommunity(excluding houses)(MinorEscapePorts(Minordocks)RailsPipelinesTitaniumAluminiumSuper blackKevlarRxf1Demron	Commodity used Cost Residential Community (excluding houses) 33,500,000,000\$ Escape Ports (Minor docks) 50,600,000\$ Rails 3,893,600\$ Pipelines 45,000,000\$ Titanium 23,000\$ Aluminium 4,930,000\$ Super black 6,700,000\$ Kevlar 289,000\$ Rxf1 4,765,000\$ Demron 245,000\$

PHASE 6	
Process	Cost involved
Generation of atmosphere	5,000,000,000\$
Laying of pipelines	300,000,000\$
Interior construction	1,834,178,800\$
(houses)	THE CARE.
Interior finishing	1,270,000,000\$
TOTAL	8,404,178,800\$

TOTAL COST OF ARESAM=241,921,187,910\$ = 4,384,223,758.22 (currency of Aresam) 6.2.3: Revenue Generated per year:

TOTAL COST OF ARESAM=241,921,187,910\$ = 4,38 6.2.3: Revenue Generated per year:	4,223,758.2ξ (currency of Aresam)
Revenue generated from	Revenue
Docks de d	11b\$
Houses	7 b\$
Food	96m \$
Entertainment	8b \$
Taxes 🔣	1.58 b\$
Advertisement Rights	2.5b \$
Marketing to passengers	11m \$
School fees	18m \$
Total Revenue Generated	30.205 billion \$

The revenue generated every year is 30.205 billion US \$ and the payback period is 8 yrs. 7.0 BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT:

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Routing_Fig 7.1.1: Top Floor of the Dock VTOL Dust Removal Place Air-lock for spaceship matinte # # 13 PR multilite # # 13 PR · 13. 1%

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7.1 Sufficient Flexible Design to add Compatible Business Types:

The industries of Aresam would first support the construction of residences and then they can help in research work or in the construction of Argonom.

7.2 Docking: The spaceships will use Vertical Take Off and Landing (VTOL). As the dust should not enter Aresam the dust removal procedure will take place above the dock soon after landing from where it will go to the airlocks.From the airlock the spaceship is taken to the docks. The spaceship will then go to the terminals. The arrival and departure terminals can handle 4 ships each. The dock control which is placed near the airlocks handles this. Jet-Bridges are provided for the people to get down from the spaceships. From the terminal the people will go to the elevator which will take them into the cylinder. The airlocks are large so that they can take two ships to the top of the docks in an emergency. Private ships will be charged for taking off and landing.

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7.3 Long Term Docking: The dock can provide a long term docking for upto 16 ships. It can be extended upto 25 ships. 7.4 Cargo-Handling Capacity: The permanent cargo storage area is located adjacent to the airlock. There are two floors in the terminals. The ground floor is used for cargo. The cargo is sent down from the first floor to the ground floor. It is sent to the spaceship with the help of conveyer belts in the jet-bridge. 7.5 Terminal Facilities to the Passengers: There are two terminals in the dock, arrivals and departures. The facilities provided to the passengers in the terminals during the wait are a café, music, virtual gaming, spas and saloons. The intra planetary money exchange services will be provided so that the passengers can exchange their currencies with the Aresam's currency i.e., Argentia. Facilities such as pick up and drop to the dock which is provided to each and every passenger with the help of mono-rails and elevators.

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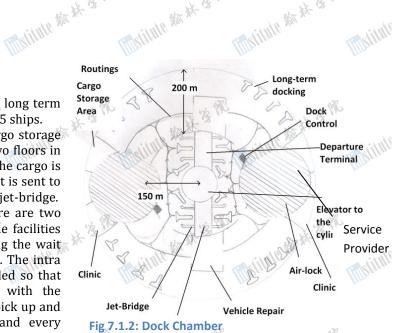
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7.6 Warehousing: Warehouse in the settlement will be automated warehousing which will run with the help of conveyer belts and robots. The warehouse will be placed in the docks.

7.7 Refueling: The fuels required by the spaceships will be stored in the fuel station which is present near the dock so that the ships can be refueled fast. The density of the fuel will be less so that they avoid explosions.

7.8 Provisioning Services for Spaceships: There will be varied services offered to the ships and crew members. The services for the ships will be provided in the area allocated to the Vehicle Repair System. The services for the crew members will be provided near the airlock and they will include boarding, lodging, medical and entertainment services.

7.9 Base and Repair of Spaceships: There is a base where the space ships would be repaired. This base would be located in the docks. At NH we feel that the most common problems relating to spaceships is about the thermal insulating tiles, engine combustion and propellers, there is a special area allocated in the industrial sector for the manufacture of these tiles. Then the tiles would be sent to the docks where they will be stored in the storage area. Here when the space ship comes into the repair base the robots would replace the tiles. They will also take care of the interior problems of the space ship. There is a storage rack in front of the robot which will carry the parts of the spaceship. There is a ramp for the robots to reach to the maximum height of the spaceship.

7.10 Dust Removal Procedures: The spaceship entering the dock would first undergo the dust removal process. This process would take place in the following steps:

- The electric impulses would convert the dust particles into positive particles.
- Then there would be another positive charge which would come from the interior of the spaceship.
- These particles which come from the interior of the spaceship push the dust particles out form the spaceship.

The robot which is used for repair would also be used for the cleaning of the spaceship.

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7.11 Source of materials for vehicle, robot and pre-fabricated base construction: please refer table no. 3.1.2.1

7.12 Medical and Quarantine Services: There are totally four hospitals which are placed in the center of the respective community for fast access. If an epidemic breaks out in the settlement then these hospitals which are also quarantine hospitals will isolate the patients. There are two clinics in the dock and several clinics in the residential torus to take care of other medical activities.

7.13 Vehicle and Robots Transportation System: The vehicles and robots will be transported with the help of spaceships. They will land on the mining base with the help of VTOL, where surface operations take place. **7.14 Transportation of Food and other commodities:** The food will be first vacuum packed and then sent to the docks from where the spaceships will take them to the surface of Mars. The goods which include commodities will be packed according to the material.

7.15 Research Center and Production of Goods: NH provides a research center for the assay and development of commercial products of the materials collected on Mars. They are fully equipped for the exploration of these materials. This research center for assay of materials and for carrying out experiments with these materials is located in the industrial torus.

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The materials which are collected from Mars are sent to this research center. It is placed in the industrial sector so that if the materials are proved to have commercial potential then the production will be started immediately.

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7.16 Cost Criteria: Here is a table of the costs of products on earth. The transportation costs from Mars to Earth would be 500\$ per kilogram. Therefore it would take 500,000\$ per ton to transport from Mars to Earth.

Element	Cost on Earth per ton	Commercial Viability
Iron ^[1]	4450 \$	It is costlier to take the element from Mars to Earth than purchasing it there.
Nickel	750,000\$	It is one of the best commercially viable products on Mars. It can be taken from Mars to Earth.
Sulfur	2000\$	It is costlier to take the element from Mars to Earth.
Uranium	687,842.3\$	If found in large quantities on Mars it is commercially viable.
Potassium	88,184.92\$	Not commercially viable on Earth
Thorium	5,291,700\$	Thorium is the most commercially viable product.

The best products that are commercially viable on Earth are Nickel, Uranium and Thorium. 7.17 Lab Configuration to Enable Quarantine: To enable quarantine following configurations are there in

the labs:

- The materials will be analyzed in the glovebox vacuum chamber.
- The materials collected from Mars will be directly sent to this lab.
- The spaceships will undergo quarantine on the docks.

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Investigation will take place in the labs with the help of university and hospitals.

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- The materials will be brought in an isolation van from the dock to the lab.

7.18 Flag of Aresam: Aresam will have its own symbol in the form of a flag. All the products produced or manufactured in Aresam will bear the symbol of Aresam. Even the spaceships of Aresam will be painted in the colors of Aresam. The dots present on the flag resemble an arrow depicting man's reach from Earth to Mars.

7.19 Currency: Aresam will have its own currency. The Aresam's currency

Fig 7.1.3: Flag of Aresam will be called as Argentia (argent=money in French, ia =in Aresam) meaning money in Aresam. The symbol for Argentia is ξ. Exchange rate: 1ξ=50\$

7.20 Culture:_Apart from celebrating their own religious festivals, the people of Aresam will also be celebrating Aresam Day on October 17th every year. Aresam Day is celebrated on this day because that is the day when Aresam starts functioning. On this day the flag of Aresam will be hoisted at the government is headquarters provided in every community.

7.21 Manufacturing Processes: Processes such as extraction of metals will take place in the non-pressurized volumes. Few agricultural processes will be held in non-rotating volumes. All the other manufacturing processes will be held in rotating volumes. Spacesuits, robots and other products manufacture will be held in the pressurized volumes of the settlement.

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7.22 Representative Scene in the Production Line:

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A scene in the grinding processes to be held in the settlement. Autitute # # 13

Fig 7.1.4: Grinding process in the production line

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IIII ar	Formulae used TSA of cylinder	$2\pi r(h+r)$; h= height of the cylinder, r= radius	IIIIne
	Volume of cylinder	πr^2 h; r= radius, h= height	
	TSA of ellipsoid torus	$\pi(r_1+r_2) *2\pi R; r_1=minor radius, r_2=major radius, R= radius of the ellipse$	
5	Volume of ellipsoidal torus	$\pi \{(r_1+r_2)/2\}^2 *2\pi^*R; r_1=minor radius of ellipse, r_2=major radius of ellipse(cross section), R= radius of the torus$	No.
14.	Artificial gravity	$(2\pi\omega/60)^2 * R = g; \omega = Rotations per minute, R = radius$	Ante:
FILSER	Centrifugal force	mv ² /2; m= mass, v= velocity	THIStiller
LL.	Centrifugal acceleration	v ² /r; v= velocity r= radius	
	Initial, final velocity	$v^2-u^2=2gs$; v= final velocity, u= initial velocity, g= acceleration due to	
		gravity, s= distance	
5	Volume of hemi- sphere	$4/3 \pi r^3$; r= radius	2 810
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