

DUKE MATH MEET 2016

TEAM ROUND

1. What is the maximum number of T-shaped polyominoes (shown below) that we can put into a 6×6 grid without any overlaps. The blocks can be rotated.



2. In triangle $\triangle ABC$, $\angle A = 30^\circ$. D is a point on AB such that $CD \perp AB$. E is a point on AC such that $BE \perp AC$. What is the value of $\frac{DE}{BC}$?
3. Given that $f(x)$ is a polynomial such that $2f(x) + f(1-x) = x^2$. Find the sum of squares of the coefficients of $f(x)$.
4. For each positive integer n , there exists a unique positive integer a_n such that $a_n^2 \leq n < (a_n + 1)^2$. Given that $n = 15m^2$, where m is a positive integer greater than 1. Find the minimum possible value of $n - a_n^2$.
5. What are the last two digits of $\lfloor (\sqrt{5} + 2)^{2016} \rfloor$? Note $\lfloor x \rfloor$ is the largest integer less or equal to x .
6. Let f be a function that satisfies $f(2^a 3^b) = 3a + 5b$. What is the largest value of f over all numbers of the form $n = 2^a 3^b$ where $n \leq 10000$, and a, b are nonnegative integers.
7. Find a multiple of 21 such that it has six more divisors of the form $4m + 1$ than divisors of the form $4n + 3$ where m, n are integers. You can keep the number in its prime factorization form.

8. Find

$$\sum_{i=0}^{100} \lfloor i^{3/2} \rfloor + \sum_{j=0}^{1000} \lfloor j^{2/3} \rfloor$$

where $\lfloor x \rfloor$ is the largest integer less than or equal to x .

9. Let A, B be two randomly chosen subsets of $\{1, 2, \dots, 10\}$. What is the probability that one of the two subsets contains the other?
10. We want to pick 5-person teams from a total of m people such that:
1. Any two teams must share exactly one member.
 2. For every pair of people, there is a team in which they are teammates.

How many teams are there? (Hint: m is determined by these conditions).