Third International Olympiad in Theoretical, Mathematical and Applied Linguistics

The Netherlands, Leiden, 8-12 August 2005

Problems for the Individual Contest

Rules for writing out the solutions

- 1. Do not copy the statement of the problems. Write the solution of each problem on a separate sheet or sheets. Indicate on each sheet the number of the problem, the number of your paper and your surname. Otherwise your work may be mislaid or misattributed.
- 2. Your answers must be well-argumented. Even an absolutely correct answer will be given a low rating unless accompanied by an explanation.

Problem 1 (20 marks)

Below you see sentences in the Tzotzil language¹ (in the dialect of San Lorenzo Zinacantán) and their English translations:

1. 'Oy 'ox 'ixim ta ana nax.

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2. Bu 'oy 'ox li Romin e 'ok'ob?

3. Ch'abal 'ox chenek' ta ip'in po'ot.

4. Mi 'oy 'ox k'in ta Jobel 'ok'ob?

5. 'Oy chan-vun ta batz'i k'op ta Jobel.

6. Mi 'ov sbatz'i chi'il li Xun e?

7. Muk' bu li Xunka e.

8. 'Oy 'ox jlekil na po'ot.

9. Mi 'oy 'ox chan-vun ta Jobel junabi?

10. Mi 'oy 'ixim ta p'in lavie?

11. Ch'abal schenek' lavie.

12. 'Oy 'ox lekil vob ta k'in lavie. 13. K'usi 'oy 'ox ta achan-vun volje?

14. Bu 'oy 'ox k'op nax?

15. Ch'abal 'ox schi'il li Romin e junabi.

You had corn at home today.

Where will Domingo be tomorrow?

Soon there will be no haricots in my pot.

Will there be a party in San Cristobal tomorrow?

There is a Tzotzil school in San Cristobal.

Does Juan have a real friend?

Juana is nowhere.

I will soon have a good house.

Was there a school in San Cristobal last year?

Is there corn in his pot?

There will be good music at the party today.

What did you have at school with the party today.

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Where was the talk today?

Last year Domingo had no friend.

Assignment 1. Translate into English:

- 16. Ch'abal alekil 'ixim.
- 17. Mi 'oy 'ox vob ta k'in?
- 18. K'usi 'oy 'ox ta Mexico lavie?
- 19. 'Oy 'ox k'op ta batz'i k'op ta jna volje.

If you believe that some phrases may have several translations, give all of them.

Assignment 2. Translate into Tzotzil:

- 20. Where is the party today? 21. There was nothing in the pot today.
 - 22. You have a real house.
 - 23. Will Juana be in San-Cristobal tomorrow?
 - 24. He will soon have no pot.

Note. x is a consonant similar to sh as in shoe; j is a consonant similar to ch as in loch, or h as in have; p', t', tz', ch', k', ' are specific Tzotzil consonants.

 $^{^1}$ The *Tzotzil* language belongs to the Mayan family. It is spoken by more than 100~000 people in Mexico.

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Problem 2 (20 marks)

Several Lango² words and phrases are given with their unordered translations:

dyè òt, dyè tyèn, gìn, gìn wìc, níg, níg wàn, òt cèm, wìc òt eyeball, grain, roof, garment, floor, restaurant, sole of foot, hat

Assignment 1. Pair up the words with their correct translations.

Assignment 2. Translate into English: cem, dye.

Assignment 3. Translate into Lango: window.

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Note. p and g are specific consonants, g and g are specific vowels of the Lango language. The marks «´ » and «` » indicate the so-called tones (a higher or lower level of the voice during the pronunciation of the syllable).

Problem 3 (20 marks)

Consider the following Mansi³ numerals (transcribed in Roman letters):

8	ńollow
15 49	atxujplow atlow nopъl ontъllow
	atlow nopul ontallow
50	atlow
99	ontulsāt ontullow
555	xōtsātn xōtlow nopъl at
900 918	ontallowsāt followyujalow
918	ontallowsāt ńollowyujnlow

Maritan An At 18 182 **Assignment 1.** Determine the values of the following Mansi numerals:

> atsātn at ńolsāt nopъl xōt ontallowsatn ontallowxujplow

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Assignment 2. Spell out the following numerals in Mansi: 58, 80, 716.

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Activite the the state of the s **Note**. \acute{n} is a specific consonant, \emph{b} a specific vowel of the Mansi language. A bar above a vowel indicates length.

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² The *Lango* language is of the Nilotic branch of the Eastern Sudanic language family. It is spoken by more than 900 000 people in Uganda.

³ Mansi is a language of the Ob-Ugric branch of the Uralic language family. It is spoken by approx. 3000 people in Western Siberia (the Khanty-Mansi Autonomous District and the Sverdlovsk Region of the Russian Federation).

Problem 4 (20 marks)

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Milling Market & PR Below you see phrases in the Yoruba language⁴ (in phonetic transcription) and their literal English translations:

- 1. the husband's dog [ajo oko]
- the stranger's city [ilé elu]
- the mother's tree [igi iya]
- Myithte Mark is 182. the witch's husband [oka à.jɛ]
 - 5. [ifó owó] the love of money
 - [èbó ori] the vicinity of the head (i.e., near the head)
 - [iyá alé] the house's mother (i.e., mistress of the house, elder wife)
- Mytitute And At 13 PK 6. 8. [à̄́́jɛ́ ɛ̀lú́] the city's witch (i.e., the city witch)
 - 9. the axe of the tree (i.e., a wooden axe) [aké egi]
 - Militally Market of 180 [owó olé] the money of the house (i.e., rent)
 - [ilú ùfé] the city of love
- myithte the the second the dog's head [ora aja]
 - 13. the husband's tree [igo oko]

Mikitate 教育教士後 家 Assignment 1. Translate into English:

[owa ake]

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- 15. [ɛ̀bá àlú]
- 16. [oko oyá]
- [a]é elu]

Assignment 2. Translate into Yoruba:

- the head of the tree (i.e., the top of the tree) 18.
- 19. the witch's city
- 20. the house of love (venue of the creation of the first human beings in Yoruba mythology)
- 21. the husband's axe

Militale And Art 'S **Note.** \pm and y are specific consonants, ϵ and \circ are specific vowels of the Yoruba language (similar to e and o, respectively). The marks « * » and « * » indicate the so-called tones (a higher or lower level of the voice during the pronunciation of the syllable).

Milittle was the 18 180 ⁴ The *Yoruba* language belongs to the Kwa branch of the Niger-Congo language family. It is spoken by more than 20 million people in Nigeria and the neighbouring countries.

Problem 5 (20 marks)

In Lithuanian⁵ nouns the accent may move according to the number and the case of the nouns, i.e., different syllables may be accented in different forms of the same word. The pattern of accent movement is called the accent paradigm of the noun.

There are two types of syllables in Lithuanian. If a syllable of the first type is accented, that syllable has <u>falling</u> intonation marked «'», e.g.: ie, ó, ie, iaccented, that syllable has rising intonation marked « $\tilde{}$ », e.g.: $a\tilde{n}, \tilde{o}, i\tilde{e}$.

Within the same root or the same ending, the syllable type always remains the same. For example, the root *liep*, when accented, always has falling intonation, whereas the ending of the Nominative Plural os always has rising intonation.

The following examples illustrate the four main types of Lithuanian accent paradigms (they look somewhat different in modern Lithuanian, but this is irrelevant for the problem):

Paradigm	1,7	2	3	4
Example	linden	hand	head	winter
Nom. Sg.	líepo	rankó	galvó	žiemó
Gen. Sg.	líepos 🦪	rañkos	galvõs	žiemõs
Nom. Pl.	líepos	rañkos	gálvos	žiẽmos
Acc. Pl.	líepaNs	rankáNs	gálvaNs	žiemáNs

In the late 19th century, the great Swiss linguist Ferdinand de Saussure studied the accent paradigms of Lithuanian nouns and came to the conclusion that at an earlier stage of the development of Lithuanian there were not four, but only two accent paradigms. Later, as a result of a specific rule, which is now known as Saussure's Law, the accent moved under certain conditions, and each paradigm split in two.

Assignment 1. Determine which accent paradigms originally belonged together.

Assignment 2. Determine what the initial accent paradigms looked like.

Assignment 3. Formulate Saussure's Law.

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Note. \check{z} is a specific Lithuanian consonant, N shows a specific (nasal) pronunciation of the preceding vowel.

Good luck!

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Stitute 新春 茶。 ⁵ The *Lithuanian* language is of the Baltic branch of the Indo-European language family. It is spoken by 3 million people in Lithuania and some other countries.